BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME., MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, 1872. VOLUME XXXIX—NUMBER 150.

BANGOR

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Business Cards.

GREAT BARGAIN.

ONE GOOD SEVEN OCTAVE SQUARE STRUNG PIANO, Rosewood Case, Four Round Corners, and Fancy Legs.

Only $225.

Also a full assortment of Decker Bros'., Smith's American, and Mason & Hamlin Organs.

Call early and compare them as we can sell the world PATTEN & WHITTEMORE.

Your ... tf

Two Hundred Cords

DRY SLAB WOOD

FOR SALE.

Orders for delivery left at 62 Exchange Street, will receive prompt attention.

PALMER & JOHNSON.

Bangor, Dec. 29, 1871.

Notice.

The subscriber has been appointed by the European and North American Railway Company, their RESIDENT AGENT, for the purpose of collecting and publishing information of the extent, value and situation of THE LANDS OF MAINE suitable for settlement, and otherwise encouraging immigration into this State. He is constantly at the office of the Treasurer of said Company, on Washington Street, Bangor, Maine, ready to aid all who are seeking information in regard to those lands, or are desirous of taking up and cultivating any portion of them. JAMES A. FURBISH.

Bangor June 12, 1871.

Mount Hope.

MR. WM. LOWNEY

Would respectfully inform the public that he is ready to execute orders for all kinds of work required in Mount Hope Cemetery, such as

Grading and Ornamenting Lots, Planting and Cultivating Shrubbery, Flowers, etc.

Also, cleaning Marble, painting Fences, Urns, etc., at reasonable prices. may31

Frank S. Jennison & Co.,

39 Broad St, Old Stand, 39

Are the only authorized persons engaged in liquidation, of the Firm of JENNISON & PIERCE. They will also pay all firm debts.

FRANK S. JENNISON & CO.

Bangor, Nov. 20, 1871. dec2

FILES ---------- FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 DOZEN FILES,

And am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported. Call and see them.

OLD FILES RECUT, as usual.

JOB COLLETT,

april EXCHANGE STREET.

BARKER & PLUMMER,

Attornies at Law,

BANGOR, MAINE.

OFFICE—Room No. 8 over Second National Bank.

In Wheelwright & Clark's Block

LEWIS BARKER. STANLEY PLUMMER.

aug16 tf

WM M. ROBINSON,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

And Solicitor in Bankruptcy.

HOULTON, MAINE

sept27 tf

French Herbs for Seasoning.

Sage,
Summer Savory,
Sweet Marjoram,
Thyme,

FOR SALE BY

J. F. PATTEN,

nov29 No. 1, Granite Block.

JAMES H. BURGESS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

WINN, MAINE.

mar2 tf

W. W. M'PETERS,

Importer and dealer in

Ready-Made Clothing,

Furnishing Goods, English Rubber Coats, &c.,

GARMENTS made from the latest English and American Fashion.

Granite Hall 10 Market Square,

dec27 tf Saint John, N. B.

DR. H. A. REYNOLDS

Surgeon & Physician,

BANGOR, MAINE

Office Union Block,

next door above W. L. Allen's Drug Store.

☞Refer to Dr W H Brown.

Bangor, May 20th, 1871.

D. F. DAVIS,

COUNSELOR AND ATTORNEY AT LAW,

East Corinth, Maine.

Special attention given to collecting

mch14 tf

REMOVAL.

W. T. HILLIARD,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law

Has removed to

No. 2 1-2 Strickland's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge, up Stairs.

Bangor, Jan. 15, 1871. tf

Special Notice.

THE subscribers, of the late firm of E. A. S. S. LAW & CO., tendered thanks to his friends and the public for past patronage long bestowed, and would inform them that he is prepared to attend to all orders in his line of business, such as Brick, Wood or Stone Buildings, Ballast or Wood superseded.

☞Residence, Centre Street.

E. S. LAW.

Bangor, April 1, 1872.

CHARCOAL.

Constantly on hand at our Wood Yard,

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF CHARCOAL.

All orders left at our office, near Hightlands Block, will receive prompt attention.

J. R. ROBINSON & CO.

oct5

Trade Mark Patented May 16, 1871.

THE

New York Copper Paint,

A sure and reliable coating for the preservation of Vessels, bottoms from worms, barnacles, sea weed, &c.

This composition is acknowledged by the larger portion of the shipping interest throughout the United States, British Provinces, and West Indies, SUPERIOR to any now in use

Blood & Rowe,

General Agents,

April 1, 1871 6m BANGOR, MAINE.

"PALACE CAR"

Ready Made Colors,

For Painting Houses, Barns, Fences, Farm Buildings, &c.

For beauty, durability and economy, these colors are unsurpassed by any of other paints in the world. Made from the best materials that an experience of thirty years in the manufacture of paints can devise, ground to extreme fineness, and put up similar to White Lead, requiring only thinned ready for use. Warranted to give a proper consistency for use.

A fine lot received and for sale at manufacturers prices by

BLOOD & ROWE,

131 Exchange St.

May11

Something New.

TOURIST OR CANE PARASOLS.

apr20 W. D. LEWIS

For Sale, Cheap.

A Tin Workers Press, One set of Dies, suitable for making Salve boxes, also one pair Table Shears.

W. W. ROGERS.

Hampden Corner, June 18th, 1872. 1w*

GREAT

BARGAINS

—IN—

CASHMERE

—AND—

KID GLOVES

—AT—

STANFORD'S

15 West Market Square.

Bangor, June 7, 1872.

FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 DOZEN FILES,

And am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported. Call and see them.

OLD FILES RECUT, as usual.

JOB COLLETT,

april EXCHANGE STREET.

GENTLEMEN

Have you heard the latest news? Economy is the road to wealth. OLD CLOTHES PRESSED and MADE NEW, in the latest style. JOHNSON & REED, the celebrated Clothes Cleaners. Their line of business consists of Steam Scouring, Cleaning, Repairing, Dyeing and Altering of Gentlemen's Garments. They pay especial attention to coloring and cleaning of Ladies' Cloaks, Sacks and Boys' Clothing. All orders promptly attended to. Goods sent for and delivered. Don't forget the number, No. 43 Central Street, opposite L. Nichols' Stable, Bangor. Also, Waiting and Tending.

WM. A. JOHNSON. jm16odlw* D. H. REED.

BLACK WALNUT & ASH

DRESSING CASE SUITS,

—AT—

DOLE BROTHERS

Hammond Street.

June11 2w

Three Melodeons, Cheap,

Nearly new.

One Organ, new, fine tone, for sale at No. 5, Gothic Block. SAM'L F. COBB.

feb17

KEEP OUT THE FLIES.

A full line of

Wire Netting

FOR SALE BY

Fogg & Bridges,

BANGOR.

June 5th, 1872.

Maine Telegraph Company.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the Bangor House, in Bangor, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at eight o'clock P. M., to choose a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

By order of the Directors,

WILLIAM P. MERRILL, Sec'y

Portland, June 3d, 1872. 6m

JUNE.

Godey, Demorest, Ballou, Leslie, Atlantic, Young Folks, Optic, Peterson, Hesson and Felix received at

may18 DURRIE'S.

Professional Notice.

DR. H. A. BARROW informs his friends and patients that he has opened an office for the practice of his profession at 18 Main Street, Bangor, where he may be confidentially consulted. Diseases specially in all those cases of diseases for the treatment of which he is so justly celebrated. Hundreds are suffering from the effects of early indiscretion because they have not consulted the educated Physician who has made those diseases a specialty, and therefore enjoyed with every qualification for success, restoring the patients to health and strength.

Dr. Barrow's treatment during an attentive practice of nearly years is unexcelled by any successful in curing Nervous, Mental and Physical Debility, Languor, Depression of Spirits, Painful Dreams, Loss of Appetite, Memory, &c. His great experience, the high honors and testimonials he has received for his superior treatment of those diseases requiring skillful and confidential advice, enables him to secure a safe and speedy cure.

The Doctor particularly invites those patients whose cases have been neglected or pronounced incurable, to place themselves without delay under his care, assured that if their case is not improved, it will not be made worse by his treatment. All that can be accomplished by science, skill, and the successful results of a long practice will be at their service.

☞Those who desire that no pains will be spared to effect a permanent cure can be guaranteed. All letters containing the usual consultation fee, $5, and fully describing the case, will be immediately attended to.

Hours of consultation from 9 to 12 in the morning till 2 P. M., and from 7 till 9 in the evening at his private office.

18 MAIN STREET, BANGOR.

Dr. Barrow's private medical work entitled "Human Frailty," thoroughly illustrated with engravings executed by the most eminent artists for wounded developing organs, sent free for 50 cents. All letters and parcels for Dr. Barrow to be directed Bangor, Me.

June8 Saturday tf

Fresh Arrivals.

More New Goods

AT

E. C. Nichols & Co's.

JAPANESE SILKS,

JAPANESE POPLINS,

BRUSSELS SILKS,

MOHAIRS & PONGEES,

Linen Suitings and Suits,

WOOL SHAWLS,

CASHMERE SHAWLS.

LADIES & MISSES CLOAKS,

SELLING AT

REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

If you wish a good stock to select from don't fail to call.

The best and latest styles are found here.

No. 7, Main St.

may24

Dress Goods

—AT—

STANFORD'S

15 West Market Square.

Bangor, June 3, 1872.

Fringes, Gimps and Trimmings,

in all the new spring colors.

W. D. LEWIS,

apr20 Masonic Corner.

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

Teas, Coffees, Spices,

CAN FRUITS, &c.

Having lately enlarged and rearranged my STORE, I think I can say without fear of contradiction, that I have the

Best Arranged and Stocked

TEA STORE outside of Boston in the New England States, and shall try, by selling the

Very Best Goods

At the

Lowest Possible Prices,

to get my share of the trade.

TEAS.

I have constantly on hand the largest variety of Teas to be found in the State of Maine, consisting of over 30 kinds including

OOLONG, JAPAN, SOUCHONG, ENGLISH BREAKFAST, GUNPOWDER, OLD AND YOUNG HYSON,

at from 35cts. to $1.00 per pound, consequently I can suit all customers, and parties wishing for a low grade of Teas, or for something better than can be found at any other STORE, will find it at the CHINA TEA STORE.

COFFEE.

I lately put in a new SIX HORSE-POWER ENGINE, a large COFFEE MILL and a patent cylinder COFFEE ROASTER; so I have the best arrangements for having good coffee.

Coffee roasted fresh every day, and ground before your eyes. I should be happy to show the process of roasting to any one wishing to see it.

All grades of coffee constantly on hand, from 10 to 50 cts. per pound.

SPICES.

I have no other but STRICTLY PURE SPICES. All my Spices are carefully selected, and sifted and ground to order, and can warrant them to be the best Spices in the State.

CAN FRUITS.

A large stock of Can Fruits, English Pickles, Preserves, Ketchup, Jellies, French, English, and American Mustard, bought before the rise in these goods and will be sold at less than Boston prices.

Also, Tobacco, Cigars, Soda, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Soap, Candles, Cocoa, Chocolate, Broma, Starch, Corn Starch, Rice, Pearl Barley, Tapioca, Oat Meal, Extracts, Graham Flour, Split Peas, Prunes, &c., &c.

Give us a call and satisfy yourself.

WM. H. ADAMS,

China Tea Store,

West Market Square.

Bangor, June 8, 1872. tf

New Store and New Goods.

Something new for Bangor.

Fruit, Confectionery, &c.

Best quality and good assortment for a little money. Try us and be convinced that we will make your money go as far as possible at reasonable prices at

WALTER B. GOULD'S,

5 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor.

june6 tf

C. D. Wright's

PATENT | SQUARE DISH WATER WHEEL

The undersigned, having purchased the right of this Wheel for the state of Maine, can confidently recommend it as one of the most simple, powerful and durable Water Wheels made; as also economical in the amount of water used, and has made arrangements with the Whedley & Epley Iron Company, Bangor, Maine, for their manufacture, to whom applications can be made, or to

ISAAC SANBORN,

may29 Somerset, South Hampden, Me.

HENRY H. BUTLER,

at his well known DRUG STORE, 5 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE, continues to keep and replenish his stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, SUNDRIES, FANCY GOODS, TOILET ARTICLES, and other articles and luxuries too numerous to mention, which he offers at LOW PRICES.

PERSONS

[illegible]

may11

A. L. JONES' SECURITY,

Paying 60 per cent.

MORE INCOME

THAN GOVERNMENT BONDS,

AND

9½ Per Cent. on the Investment.

FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE

LOGANSPORT, CRAWFORDSVILLE AND SOUTH-WESTERN RAILWAY OF INDIANA.

THEY BEAR 8 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST, PAYABLE QUARTERLY IN NEW YORK, FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX, AND ARE COUPON AND REGISTERED.

The issue is limited to $16,000 per mile, in denominations of $1,000, $500, and $100.

This Road, 92 miles long, affords the shortest, existing Outlet to Chicago, Toledo, Detroit, Fort Wayne, Logansport, and intermediate points for the celebrated Block and Bituminous Coals of Parke County; as, also, for the large surplus products of the rich agricultural and mineral sections of the State which it traverses.

For the present we are offering these Bonds at 95 and accrued interest in currency, or will exchange them for Government Bonds, or other marketable securities, at the rates of the day.

Further and full particulars, pamphlets and maps furnished by us on personal or written application

JONES & SCHUYLER,

No. 12, Pine St., New York,

FINANCIAL AGENTS OF THE COMPANY, or

P. M. BLAKE,

9 Central Street, Bangor,

AGENT.

apr29 d&w3m13

RICHARDSON, HILL & CO.,

BANKERS,

No. 3, Sears Building, Boston.

BUSINESS PAPER Bought and Sold, and Corporation Loans negotiated.

DEPOSITS received, subject to check at sight, with interest on daily balances credited monthly.

COLLECTIONS of Notes, Drafts, Coupons and Dividends made with promptness on all points.

ADVANCES made on approved collaterals.

ORDERS for Bonds and all first-class securities executed on commission.

dec22 6m

Bowler & Merrill,

BANKERS and BROKERS,

No. 142 Exchange St., Bangor, Me.

BUY AND SELL

GOVERNMENT, STATE AND CITY BONDS, COUPONS, GOLD, SILVER, CANADIAN AND PROVINCIAL BANK BILLS, DRAFTS ON BOSTON, NEW YORK &c., PAYABLE IN GOLD OR CURRENCY;—AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

BUSINESS PAPER, AND MUNICIPAL AND CORPORATE LOANS NEGOTIATED. COLLECTIONS MADE AT ALL POINTS.—FIRST CLASS SECURITIES, FOR INVESTMENT, FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.

BANK, INSURANCE, RAILROAD, AND OTHER STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

jan25 2w tf

BUY THE BEST.

Morris & Ireland's

FIRE PROOF.

AND

Burglar Proof

SAFES.

Send for descriptive circular to

MORRIS & IRELAND,

64 Sudbury Street,

BOSTON.

Agent for Bangor,

T. G. STICKNEY.

may13 MW&Fly

For Sale.

TEN GOOD DRIVING HORSES for sale from Aroostook County.

PARTURAGE for Horses. Enquire of

SMITH & HALLETT,

June5 tf Central Street, Bangor Me.

FOR SALE.

One GRADE JERSEY HEIFER, now milch, about two years old. A valuable animal.

EBEN FRENCH,

apr12 Kenduskeag Avenue.

W. H. Harvey's Patent Lubricator for Carriage Wheels.

Patented Oct. 31st, 1871.

This invention has now been in use nearly a year, and has been tested by hundreds who pronounce it the very best device for oiling carriage axles ever put on, removing the wheels. Warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded. Price $2.50 and $3.00 per set. Agents wanted. Apply to HILL & PEABODY, Nos. 11 Granite Block, Bangor, Maine.

June11 2w&6w*

UBIN. A large variety of Lubin's, Rimmel's and Atkinson's Extracts for the Handkerchief, unsurpassed for excellence, at

BRADBURY'S.

FLORIDA WATER and Bay Water, very choice at

BRADBURY'S.

FINE SPONGES. A great variety of Fine and Coarse Sponges, at

BRADBURY'S.

PAVILION WATER. Direct from Saratoga, drawn from the fountain, at

BRADBURY'S.

ARCTIC SODA, at

BRADBURY'S.

LARGE INVOICES of Drugs, Chemicals, &c., for the wholesale trade, constantly arriving at

BRADBURY'S.

LEAD, OIL and VARNISHES, with all Painters materials at the lowest market rates.

BRADBURY'S.

TOILET SOAPS. The choicest Fancy and Staple Soaps, at

BRADBURY'S.

50 [illegible]

B. F. BRADBURY'S

[illegible]

NEW MILLINERY, at DWELLEY & CO'S.

apr17

New Dry Goods.

apr20 W. D. LEWIS.

ENGLISH HATS, at DWELLEY & CO'S.

apr17

SHADE HATS, all kinds, at DWELLEY & CO'S.

apr17

BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS AND NEW, at DWELLEY & CO'S.

apr17

NEW RIBBONS, all the nice shades, at DWELLEY & CO'S.

apr17

SCHOOL HATS, at DWELLEY'S.

apr17

VEILS All colors, at DWELLEY & CO'S.

apr17

FRENCH CORSETS, at DWELLEY & CO'S.

apr17

BALBRIGGAN HOSE, Brown and White, at DWELLEY & CO'S.

apr17

WINDSOR TIES, new colors, at DWELLEY & CO'S.

apr17

HAMBURG EDGINGS, at DWELLEY & CO'S.

apr17

KID GLOVES, FRENCH KIDS, new assortment in colors. DWELLEY & CO.

apr17

Dwelley & Co. have a good stock and a new stock of goods selected in New York, and bought low.

apr17

Jersey Calf for Sale.

I have a BULL CALF, full blood Jersey, four weeks old, which I wish to dispose of.

A. REALLEY.

Brewer, June 18th, 1872. 1w*

FINE WATCHES.

W. F. WEEKS,

In HIGHT'S BOOKSTORE, has just received a fine stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold Chains and Jewelry. Repairs all kinds of Watches, Clocks, Music Boxes, Spectacles and Jewelry. Adjusts Watches to Heat and Cold, and Portmon. Has three First-class Watchmakers.

apr25 3 Smith's Block.

CAMPAIGN FLAGS.

On hand and made to order at City Point Sail Loft.

June8 W. I. CURRIER.

CAMPAIGN FLAGS!

OF EVERY SIZE & DESCRIPTION,

On hand and made to order, with any device or motto desired, by

HINCKS & NEALLEY.

june17

Crompton Weavers WANTED!

A few Good Crompton Weavers Wanted at the Dexter Mills on Fancy Work.

Experienced hands make Good Wages. Apply at the Counting Room, or to Mr. GEORGE BERTLEY, Stone Mill.

Dexter June 18, 1872. 1w

800 M Hemlock Boards, Planed or Unplaned, delivered to any part of the city, at a little less than market price.

No. 7 Main St.

E. C. Nichols & Co.

Bangor, June 17, 1872.

1856.

Established January 18, 1856.

The Old and Well Established

CLOTHING HOUSE

—OF—

TOBIN'S

Also selling READY MADE CLOTHING, for Men and Boys, very cheap.

Also, where the largest and choicest stock of

CLOTHS

Can be seen. All of the newest and latest goods of Foreign and Domestic manufacture.

PANTALOON GOODS.

A great variety of the newest and latest patterns.

VESTINGS.

Velvets, Cashmeres, Marseilles, &c.

THE CUSTOM DEPARTMENT is under the supervision of the accomplished artist,

J. McDONALD,

Whose name is a guarantee of entire satisfaction. Call early and be suited.

JAMES TOBIN,

No. 2, Harlow Block, Bangor, Me.

apr10 3m

Piano-Forte Tuning.

Pianos, Organs and Melodeons REPAIRED and TUNED by S. F. COBB. Orders left at his Music Store,

No. 5, Gothic Block, Main Street.

feb4 tf

Katahdin Iron Works Hotel.

This House (situated at the foot of the Katahdin Mountains, on the Pleasant River, one branch of the Penobscot) has been put in good repair and refurnished, and can now be reached by a good carriage road, from Brownville to the Iron works.

[illegible]

Charles M. Conrad, who was Secretary of War under Pillsbury, is shouting the battle cry of Greeley among the mosquitos and other swamp angels of Louisiana.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834 - - - Weekly 1845.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, two insertions,	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	50
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week*, one third price.

☞Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices" 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

STATE NEWS.

A Masonic lodge was constituted at Vassalboro', Thursday.

Tufts College has made Collector Washburn of Portland an L. L. D.

One million curtain fixtures are made annually by C. K. Foss, of Kendall's Mills.

There are now living in Camden, thirteen persons whose united ages are 1005 years.

Charles F. Patridge of Norway, broke his wrist very badly, last week, in jumping from a fence.

Mr. O. Morrill of Rumford, employed in the Continental Mill, had his hand crushed in the machinery a day or two since.

Mr. John Horan of Lubec has completed his 101st year, and his second century finds him hale and hearty.

Horatio Ulmer was stabbed by Fred Manson in a drunken row at the place kept by James Thorndike on Crockett Point Tuesday.

Mr. E. B. Page, of Atkinson, died of heart disease last Friday night. He had been engaged in his business as usual the day before.

E. G. Harlow, esq., has sold his water power on which stood the woolen factory at Dixfield, to parties now engaged in "tooth-pick" making at Canton.

The first shark of the season, was caught in a weir in the Narrows near Lubec, one day last week. He was about ten feet in length.

Jacob Norton of Westbrook was chosen one of the Vice Presidents of the Alumni of Tufts College at the meeting in Boston on Tuesday.

The bakeshop on the east side of the river at Augusta was set on fire Wednesday night, by the breaking of a kerosene lamp. The fire was put out before causing much damage.

Miss Carrie B. Homer of Bucksport, has been appointed to a clerkship in the Pension Department at Washington. Miss Homer has been a successful school teacher for many years.

After the Peace Jubilee closes, it is contemplated to hold a grand temperance meeting in the Coliseum, to be presided over by Mr. J. K. Osgood of Gardiner.

A large and beautiful banner—the ever glorious stars and stripes—bearing on its folds the names of "Grant & Wilson," was flung to the breezes in Augusta last Thursday.

The Capital Guards of Augusta at their meeting on Wednesday evening of last week voted informally to accept the invitation to join in the celebration of the Fourth of July at Portland.

Israel, only son of Rev. D. M. True, of Dresden Mills, while bathing in the river Wednesday evening, slipped from the channel bank and was drowned. Up to Tuesday noon the body had not been recovered.

Rev. William T. Savage D. D., of the class of 1863, now of Franklin, N. H., has recently endowed the "Mary L. Savage Memorial Scholarship," Bowdoin College, by the gift of $1000.

Messrs. Littlefield of the firm of Littlefield Leavitt & Co. of Alfred, will after the first of August, devote themselves to the business of paper manufacturing at Yarmouth, having purchased there in company with Portland parties.

The Snow Building, corner of Maine and School streets Rockland was partially burned early Tuesday morning. The losses were Dr. Truessil and Dr. Germaine, who occupied the second floor, and C. H. Coombs, who kept a saloon on the first floor.

The valuation of real estate in August in 1872 is $2,926,203. Valuation of real estate in 1871, $2,842,836, showing an increase of $83,372 from last year. As this increase in the valuation of real estate represents the natural growth of the city, the figures are specially gratifying. Valuation of personal estate in 1872, $1,051,852. Valuation of personal estate in 1871, $1,523,636, showing an increase of $127,716 from last year. Aggregate gain in real and personal property from last year $211,088.

AN EMPLOYRES' STRIKE. A new feature was introduced into the New York labor movement in the meeting on Tuesday night, of three hundred employers, who, in ordinary circumstances, give work to about forty-five thousand men. Driven to a last resort by the failure of their contracts and by the rejection of all their offers of compromise, they have formed a union which is likely to be sterner and more unyielding than any 'Eight Hour League or workingmen's combination whatever. Unencumbered by conflicting interests, or a vastness of numbers, which brings weakness rather than strength, they have chosen the opportune time when the strikers are at their feeblest, to state their own position and their intention to maintain it. Among other resolutions which they adopted was one declaring that they will not hereafter retain in employment any workman guilty of any act looking to the barbarous establishment of relations between the employer and employed; that they will hereafter pay workmen by the hour, and employ such as are willing to work ten hours a day and will close their establishments and keep them closed until they can employ men on this basis; and that they will no longer submit to the unreasonable and tyrannical demands of the Trades Unions, believing such tyranny to be incompatible with the best interests both of employer and employed. There is nothing of bravado or empty defiance in these resolutions; they are simply the expression of a fixed and determined purpose. The three hundred employers can close their shops—if worst comes to worst they can move their business from the city; but what are the forty-five thousand workingmen going to do about it? The answer must needs come right speedily.

REINTERMENT OF CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS. The bodies of 718 Confederate soldiers, disinterred at Gettysburg recently and brought to Richmond, Va., were interred at Holywood Cemetery, Thursday evening, amid impressive and solemn funeral ceremonies. There was a procession two miles in length, consisting of the First Virginia Regiment, Richmond Howitzers, and detachments of police, sixteen wagons with boxes containing the dead, followed by ex-Confederate soldiers headed by Gen. Geo. E. Pickett, to whose division the dead belonged. The most society in order was the "Southern Cross Brotherhood," and the rear was brought up by a line of carriages a mile long. The streets along the line of procession were draped in mourning, the stores were closed, and business was generally suspended. An immense concourse of spectators lined the streets, the whole affair being regarded as the most imposing spectacle since the close of the war.

NEW MAGAZINES.

SCRIBNER'S for July contains the following:—The West Point Military Academy and its surroundings are beautifully illustrated, the historical and descriptive text being supplied by Benson J. Lossing. "Woman as a Smuggler and Woman as a Detective."—"Mr. Warner's Back-Log Studies" are, if anything, more delightful than their predecessors. "Draxy Miller's Dowry," a very fresh and strong piece of characterization, by that mysterious author Saxe Holm, is concluded in this number; and a generous installment is given of Mrs. Oliphant's "At His Gates." Mr. Wilkinson's searching but courteous criticism of "Mr. Lovell's Prose" is concluded.—Then we have a strong naturalistic story by James T. McKay, entitled "Harker and Blind;" an interesting little illustrated article on spiders; an illustrated paper, "As Others See Us," by Prof. Wilder, of "Cornell;" a brief essay on "The Law of the Heart and the Law of the Street," by Mr. Hodgkins; and poems by Mrs. Whitney and Miss Osgood. The Editorial Departments are, as usual, quite full. Dr. Holland, in "Topics of the Time," talks about "The Christian Sabbath in Great Cities," "The Literary Bureaus Again," "Our President," and "Indirect Damages." The Old Cabinet has something concerning "Old Probabilities," "My Famous Friend," "Poor Pillicoddy," and "Mrs. Whitney's Pansies." "Nature and Science," "Home and Society," "Culture and Progress," and "Etchings," are full of practical information and entertainment.

The current issue of LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE, which forms the opening number of a new volume, contains a large number of very interesting contributions. The initial article, "Crumbs from the Rhineland," is a sprightly, varied, and finely illustrated description of travel and adventure in one of the most picturesque regions of Europe. "Sunstroke," is an article giving valuable advice on treating it, "Virginia in water colors;" "Travels in the air;" and Mr. Black's new novel, "The adventures of a phaeton," are very highly polished and interesting stories. "The Private Art Collections of Philadelphia" is still continued. The present article gives an account of the Wilstach Gallery, and is marked by features of strong and lively interest. The whole list makes up a magazine, both interesting and profitable. Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., 715 Market Street, Philadelphia.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for July opens with an amusing illustrated narrative, entitled, "In search of the picturesque." "The City of the Saints" is an interesting illustrated paper on Ecclesiastical Rome. S. S. Conant contributes a brief but interesting history of the guillotine, from which it appears that this instrument was not invented by Dr. Guillotin. A second installment is given of Emilio Castelar's remarkable and brilliant history of Republicanism in Europe.—Charles Nordhoff continues his California papers. Anthony Trollope's serial is continued, as is also Miss Thackeray's charming story, "Old Kensington." "A Good Investment" is concluded. The other articles of the magazine are such as cannot fail to interest and instruct. Published by Harper & Brothers, New York.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for July is a very interesting number. The fashion plates, steel plates, and other embellishments are as usual very fine. The customary amount of choice reading matter, domestic receipts, etc., are in this number. L. A. Godey, publisher, Philadelphia.

ARTHUR'S LADY'S HOME MAGAZINE, for July, maintains the high standard of excellence which it has reached. The stories and other matter are fully equal to previous issues. T. S. Arthur & Sons, Publishers, Philadelphia.

The July number of THE ALDINE has illustrations of a more varied character than any hitherto published. The full-page frontispiece, "Patriotic Education," is a spirited realization of a Fourth of July night. Facing this is "King Wilaf's Drinking Horn," Then come two mountain pictures, "View in the Surenen Pass, Switzerland," and "The Loiller Peak, Tyrol," and another full-page illustration, "A Shipwreck on the Coast of Dieppe," "Blowing Hot and Cold," a charming glimpse of child-life, and "Puss Asleep." The reading matter is up to the usual standard. The subscription price is $5.00 per annum, which includes a superb Oil Chromo.—Published by James Sutton & Co., 23 Liberty St., N. Y.

DIE MODENWELT is to be discontinued until the publisher can replace it by a journal published in Paris. Until arrangements are made for translating the new magazine, LE BON TON or LA FRANCE ELEGANTE will be sent in its place.

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE for July presents a varied and interesting collection of reading matter, "The Literary Journal and Family Friend," published by M. V. Wagner, at Marshall, Michigan, has been consolidated with it, and the subscribers of the former will hereafter receive the latter publication. S. S. Wood & Co., publishers, Newburgh, N. Y.

The July number of OUR YOUNG FOLKS brings its compliment of matter for the boys and girls which they cannot fail to appreciate. This number is very fine, and excelled by none of its predecessors. Published by James R. Osgood & Co., Broadway, N. Y.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR for July maintains the high place it has won as a magazine for the little folks. Published by T. S. Arthur & Son, Philadelphia.

MASSACHUSETTS RAILROAD BUILDING. There is no part of Massachusetts where so much is doing this summer with new railroads as in Middlesex. The Massachusetts Central is cutting away along its line from Northampton to Boston, and the new roads centering in Springfield are a good deal talked about; but they are actually building three new railroads on to old Concord, and giving Lowell and Lawrence two or three more connections with Boston. The Lowell railroad "taps" the Boston and Maine, and *vice versa*, and presently there will be a branch of the Boston and Maine road running into Lowell, and competing with Mr. Stark's road. The three new roads aiming at Concord are the Nashua and Acton, which is to extend beyond Acton and meet the Lowell and Framingham road in West Concord, not far from the historic muster-field of Banks and Butler; the Lancaster, which is coming from Clinton to Hudson, then from Hudson to Maynard on the Assabet River, and then along the Indian stream to meet the Fitchburg road at West Concord instead of South Acton; and the Lexington road, which is building through Bedford to Concord, where it will run very near the North bridge and the battle-field. This last line when built, as it is to be this year, will carry passengers in sight of the three battle monuments at Concord, Lexington and Bunker Hill, and, therefore, will be a favorite road for historical students and patriots. Milkmen are expected to patronize it freely; and eventually it does, through Acton and Westford and Brookline, N. H., at the Hosackford (tunnel) by notice of a connection from Brookline to Winchendon. The Massachusetts Central road is also scratching the ground in one near Middlesex county, and Cambridge has been agitated by rival lines running through the midst of the collegiate neighborhood. But we believe nothing is to be done in this for the present. The Lancaster and the Lexington roads are to be open before the winter, and the Nashua and Acton road is pushed on vigorously. West Concord, or "Concord Junction," is looking up and talking about becoming a business center.—[Springfield Republican.

DRESSES WORN BY THE LADY STARS OF THE JUBILEE.—Many of our lady readers will be glad to know, if they were not present, how the distinguished lady performers were dressed Tuesday at the Jubilee. Mad Peschka Leutner was magnificently attired in deep-colored pink silk, the color being nearly cherry. It was cut with full court train and demi-decolette. A fall of rich black point lace was caught at the right shoulder, and this was again caught at the back, and with a full puffing of the silk formed the panier. The overdress was of black point lace, and a deep half-way flounce in front, made a beautiful effect against the bright silk. At the head of the flounce was a deep ruching of the silk. In her beautiful hair was arranged a knot of flowers while in her hand she carried a bouquet of deep red roses. About her neck was a broad edge-band, from which hung a locket. She was attended in her passage down the broad isle by her maid, who devoted her attention to the train of the distinguished soloist.

Madame Arabella Goddard was attired in an exquisite shade of pink silk, cut with full train and *en panier*. Becoming flowers in her hair and lace about the neck made a *tout ensemble* most bewitching in its character.

Madame Rudersdorf wore a beautiful shade of green silk trimmed with broad point white lace of an exquisite pattern. A green pompon adorned her hair. The dress was demi decolette and with deep full train. Overdress of white lace, cut *en panier*.—[Boston Traveler.

Not one since a lady traveler took a seat in the train from St. John at McAdam, to await the arrival of the train in which she intended to proceed on her journey. Soon after a man entered the same car, took a seat, and proceeded to make the air offensive with the fumes of a pipe as old as the mountains of Bagdad. The lady above mentioned politely admonished the smoker that his performance was disagreeable, and respectfully requested him to desist, for her own comfort, and that of the other ladies in the car, no attention was paid to the remonstrance. Matters went beyond the point of endurance and the lady approached the smoker and asked him if he intended to lay that pipe aside. His answer was a cloud of smoke. The offended lady promptly seized the pipe and cast it out of the window. Then with fire flashing from her eyes, she informed the man that he had better "keep his mouth shut."—[Calais Times.

Miniature Almanac,			Monday, June 24.
		(BANGOR TIME)	
SUN RISES,	4 10	MOON RISES,	10 49 P M

Daily Whig & Courier.

JOHN H. LYNDE. PROPRIETOR.

MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1872.

National Republican Nominations

FOR PRESIDENT,

Ulysses S. Grant,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

Henry Wilson,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

"Gen. Grant never has been beaten and he never will be"—HORACE GREELEY.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,

SIDNEY PERHAM,

OF PARIS.

For Electors at Large,
Hon. S. E. SPRING, of Portland.
Hon. ALEX. CAMPBELL, of Cherryfield.

"ANYBODY TO BEAT GRANT."

One of the ablest and most conscientious participants in the Fifth-avenue Conference, aptly sums up its proceedings in the following language: "It adjourned sine die." In a gathering of "representative men" whose action can be thus described, we may be pardoned for feeling but a languid interest. But there were one or two incidents of the assured procedure which deserve passing notice.—Chief among them was Carl Schurz's speech. One who heard it declares that it left the Senator in the position of lending his name to the Tammany candidate, without promising any active support of him in the campaign. In other words, it was an awkward and sullen, but substantial, surrender to the men who "captured" the Cincinnati Convention.

What Senator Schurz does or refrains from doing in this particular case is not so important as some persons seem to imagine. He is already on record as having told the correspondent of the Frankfort (Germany) Gazette that "Greeley would not and could not get the German vote. The Germans *could not* be brought to support a man who had advocated so many things that were at variance with their convictions and their tendencies." Mr. Schurz's importance grew entirely out of his supposed influence over the Germans. If, then, as he very justly says, the Germans cannot be influenced to vote for Greeley, Mr. Schurz's accession is not one of particular account, as far as Greeley is concerned.

But as far as Mr. Schurz is concerned it is of more account, for it overthrows at a blow all the claim he previously had on popular confidence. For nearly seven weeks he had maintained a silence unbroken by any public utterance. Privately he must have expressed himself with some freedom. Mr. Bowles declares that at Judge Stallo's house, in Cincinnati, immediately after the Convention, he declared that Greeley's nomination "overwhelmed and discouraged" him. To the German correspondent above referred to, he avowed that "the whole affair was enough to disgust one forever with American politics." The Evening Post and the Nation joined in the statement, made over and over again, that Mr. Schurz would *not* give in his adhesion to the Fenton-Tammany candidate. It was no secret, therefore, that the Senator regarded the nomination of Greeley at Cincinnati as a calamity. Yet he finally supports it. Are we unreasonable in saying that, by so doing, he forfeits all claim on the confidence of those who believed in him before?

Mr. Schurz took the trouble to describe beforehand the evil policy he has subsequently adopted, and to lay down the right principle of conduct, which he has now grossly violated. Perhaps our readers would like to refresh their memories as to what the Senator's views were before Mr. Greeley was forced on the Cincinnati Convention. Here they are, as presented in his opening speech, May 2:

"Reform must become a farce in the hands of those who either do not understand it or do not care for it. If you mean reform, intrust the work to none but those who understand it, and who honestly do care for it, and care more for it than for their own personal ends. * * * I earnestly deprecate the cry we have heard so frequently, 'Anybody to beat Grant?' There is something more wanted than to beat Grant. Not anybody who might, by cheap popularity or by astute bargains and combinations, or by all the tricks of political wire-pulling, manage to scrape together votes enough to be elected President! We do not want merely another, but we want a better President than we now have. * * * If we should fail to select men who will carry out the beneficent reforms we contemplate, then let me say it boldly *it would be better had this movement never been undertaken*, for continuance in power by those who possess it now would only mean a reformatory movement deferred, and an opportunity lost. * * * Let us discard at least the fatal error into which many seem to have fallen, that no statesmanship is required to conduct the affairs of a great Government. I candidly believe the people are waking up to the truth, for, unless I greatly mistake the spirit of the day, what the people now most earnestly demand is not that mere good intentions, but that a superior intelligence coupled with superior virtue should guide our affairs; not that merely an honest and a popular man, but that a statesman be put at the head of our Government."

Our readers can apply these precepts for themselves to the recent action of Mr. Schurz. They were laid down to discourage the nomination of Mr. Greeley, and that event is the one the Senator contemplated when he declared that, rather than it should occur, "it were better the movement had never been undertaken." There has nothing happened to render this less true now than it was then. The only change has been in Senator Schurz, and of the nature of that change let all judge.

Another noteworthy incident of the Conference was the fact that Senator Fenton watched over its assembling from an adjacent room. He left shortly after it had convened, confident that things were "fixed," and cruelly avowing that opinion. If anything could add to the bitter humiliation of such a man as Schurz at surrendering his conscience to the keeping of a trading politician, it must be its surrender to that chief of unprincipled traders, Fenton. And all this to gratify a certain spite which has grown up with him toward Gen. Grant. He will discover when it is too late that he has won the name but not the game, and that the people will refuse to aid him in gratifying his revenge at the expense of the general good.—[New York Times.

"I venture to suggest that Gen. Grant will be far better qualified for that momentous trust [of the presidency] in 1872 than he was in 1869."—HORACE GREELEY.

The railroads of Great Britain and Ireland, now being worked, have 14,247 miles of track, and cost two thousand five hundred millions of dollars, or five times the annual value of all the real property in the United Kingdom—this sum is also about two-thirds of the national debt. The value of the rolling stock exceeds one hundred and fifty millions of dollars, and one hundred thousand officers and servants are employed.

The enthusiasm of the Vermont Democrats for Horace Greeley is said to be something wonderful. They are unanimous for the Philosopher, but the Republicans are just as unanimously opposed to him, still as they outnumber the Greeleyites about three to one, enthusiasm will be of little avail against the canvass.

The National Assembly of France, after enduring the arrogance of Thiers until it became too much for endurance, have risen in revolt against him. An interview was held between the deputies of the right and the President on the 20th, and a complete rupture took place between that powerful body in the Assembly and Thiers, which resulted in a warning from them that hereafter he must depend upon the left for support. The ministry tendered their resignations, but with the exception of Larcy, Minister of Public Works, were prevailed upon by the President to withdraw them. A conference which the disaffected deputies have had with the Duke d'Aumale, gives a tinge of probability to the supposition that an Orleanist *coup d' état* is meditated. What Thiers will do now that his chief supporters have deserted him remains to be seen; but if the examples of other French rulers, in similar situations, can afford him any precedent, he will probably invoke the aid of what our Democratic friends call "federal bayonets," and after turning all opposed to him out of doors, if a revolution does not follow, proceed with the government much the same as usual.

THE GENEVA ARBITRATION. A Geneva special says the question of indirect claims has been definitely settled, and in a manner unexpected by any of the members of the court. The American agent and counsel having been instructed by their government to declare that the government of the United States did not seek a money award for indirect losses, but only desired a settlement of the principle, Lord Tenterdon on the part of his government, called the attention of the court to the 7th article of the treaty, which gives the arbitrators only authority to consider claims in relation to a money award and submitted that since the United States government declared that they did not seek money awards for these classes of claims they could not be properly entertained by the court.

The American counsel thereupon demanded a judgement on this issue by the court. The court took time for its decision, but it is known to have decided against the admissability of indirect claims. This judgment will be delivered, it is said, when the court meets on Wednesday, the 26th instant, and is reported to be acceptable to both governments. All the members of the court have left for Chamounix. They intend returning Monday or Tuesday, when counsel on both sides will exchange the results of their latest instructions, and arrange the order of business. During the recess Earl Granville will negotiate with Mr. Fish on the subject. It is believed that when the arbitrators meet again the sittings will be public.

The following honest confessions from the ablest and shrewdest "Liberal Republican" journal in the West—the Cincinnati Commercial—will doubtless be read by all Democrats with interest:

"Democrats who are endeavoring to secure the nomination of Greeley and Brown and the adoption of the Cincinnati platform at Baltimore should be careful to stick to the facts. They should know that it is not true that the election of Greeley would mean the restoration of the Democratic party to power. Persuade the country that that is what the election of Greeley would mean and the event cannot come to pass. The possibility of the election of Greeley depends upon the public faith that his administration 'would not be Democratic in a partisan sense.'"

It is said Mr. Greeley has promised, in case of his election, to make Horatio Seymour his Secretary of State. It is a custom with housekeepers, when about to employ new help in the kitchen, to require of them what is called a "character" from the last place where they worked. If Horace should require the same of Horatio, before taking him into his political household, he might take along a file of the Tribune for 1868. He could find there, in almost any number, a "character" over Greeley's proper signature—H. G. Such mild epithets as "infamous liar," "shameless liar," etc., applied to Seymour, are scattered over its columns with perfect looseness. And what is worst of all, as the man said when accused of stealing, "he proved it too," with facts and specifications. It would be instructive reading to both, when closeted together in the White House.—[Springfield (Mass.) Union.

"Whatever chastisement may be decreed by our national sins, we must hope that this disgrace and humiliation (of having the democracy restored to power) will be spared us."—HORACE GREELEY.

NEW POSTAL CODE. Partial regulations under the new postal code of 1872 will be issued by the Postmaster General in a few days. Following is a summary of the most important features:—

Letters by mail will be the same as heretofore. Drop or local letters at letter carrier offices, two cents each half ounce; ditto at other than letter carrier offices, one cent each half ounce. Postal cards, including stamp, one cent each.

Sealed mail matter charged letter postage. All matter wholly or partly in writing, with the usual exceptions of book manuscripts, corrected proofs, etc., for publication, in newspapers, magazines or periodicals, letter postage. Matter with writing or inclosures, letter postage, provided that publishers of newspapers, etc., may write upon regular publications the address of subscribers and date of expiration of subscription, and may enclose bills and receipts for subscriptions without extra postage.

No extra charge for a card printed on envelope or wrapper. All domestic letters unpaid or not paid, the full rate will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, except that in large cities and adjacent districts having two or more post offices within a distance of three miles of each other, any letter mailed at one of them addressed within the delivery of another of them when inadvertently prepaid at drop or local letter rate only, may be forwarded to its proper destination, and the deficient postage collected. Letters prepaid one full rate will be forwarded and the deficiency collected. Advertised letters are one cent extra.

The following are the quarterly rates of postage: Regular printed matter, weekly newspapers within the county where published, free. Newspapers and periodicals by mail, not exceeding four ounces to any part of the United States, weekly, five cents; semi-weekly, ten; tri-weekly, fifteen; six times per week, thirty; daily, thirty-five. The same proportion for each and every four ounces or less. Semi-monthly publications each, every four ounces, six cents; monthly, three cents; quarterly, one cent; small papers may be sent in packages at one cent each four ounces. Rates of postage on drop printed matter at letter carrier offices, one cent for every two ounces. No package weighing over four pounds received, except Congressional documents. Dead letters will be returned to the writers thereof. On mailable matter of third class, embracing all pamphlets, occasional publications, corrected proof sheets, maps, etc, with the exception of dangerous matter, one cent each two ounces. Double these rates for books, samples of metals, ores, minerals or merchandise.

The usual provisions are made for free business with and between the executive and departments. No registry fee on letters with U. S. Currency to the Treasurer.

All mail matter to and from Mary Lincoln, widow of the late President, will be conveyed free during the term of her natural life. The franking privilege is the same as usual.

"The people of the United States know Gen. Grant—have known all about him since Donelson and Vicksburg; they do not know his slanderers, and do not care to know them."—HORACE GREELEY.

The British Government has renewed its instructions given last year to the royal and colonial naval officers, not to prevent United States fishermen from fishing outside of the three mile limit in bays, the mouth of which is more than six miles wide, and also allow them to enter Canadian ports for the purpose of trade and of procuring supplies, as well as for repairing damages and procuring food and water, under the treaty of 1818.

The irrepressible conflict between the Pope at the head of the Catholic Church, and Victor Emanuel as the head of the Italian people, still continues. The former is about to appeal to foreign powers to interfere and prevent the suppression of convents in Italy and the other aggressive acts of the Italian government. Just now, the appeal is not likely to bring him much help. Germany, while ejecting the Jesuits, cannot well interfere with Italy while doing a similar work. Austria is seeking an alliance with Germany and has less interest in the tribulations of Pius the Ninth, than in the regulation of boundaries of "The Beautiful Blue Danube." France cannot interfere, and Spain will not; and as the other Catholic nations are weak if not partially dependent, the best thing the Pope can do is to attempt the task of conciliating his enemy and tormentor—and we suspect that the Italian King, though the church has found him an undutiful son, would be willing to sacrifice some of the profits he may derive from the proposed confiscation, if in exchange for his temporalities he can receive the papal benediction. The situation is so unpleasant that Cardinal Antonelli may do worse than negotiate with the spoiler.

"As to the administration of Gen. Grant, I recognize no one as a Republican who is not grateful for its judicious, energetic and successful efforts."—HORACE GREELEY.

News from Monterey, Mexico, by mail to the 17th inst., represents that Gen. Trevino has exacted another forced loan from the people and all foreigners who are unable or refuse to pay are put in the fortifications to work. The American Consul protested without effect on behalf of citizens of the United States. Mercantile houses are all closed and the city presents a scene of desolation. The forts are being strengthened and the entire revolutionary force is being concentrated there.

A large and enthusiastic mass meeting was held at Natick Friday evening for the purpose of congratulating Hon. Henry Wilson upon his nomination for the Vice-Presidency. The square was illuminated with a calcium light, two bands were in attendance, a new Grant and Wilson flag was unfurled, and speeches were made by Colonel Edwin C. Morse, Dr. Loring, ex-Governor Harriman of New Hampshire, and Senator Wilson.

The New York Times, referring to the Fifth Avenue meeting, says "Carl Schurz's formal adhesion to the Tammany ticket is a spectacle such as American politics has not produced since the days of the doughfaces;" and it adds prophetically: "He will now have to suffer the exquisite mortification of having forsaken every principle of political rectitude for a success that he will never attain."

The World characterizes the Liberal Republicans at the Fifth Avenue gathering as "a set of political muffs" who have "lost their opportunity, and are now the sport and plaything of another ridiculous fiasco."

Special Notices.

St. John's COMMANDERY K. T.

STATED CONCLAVE, Monday Evening, June 24th, at 7½ o'clock, At Masonic Hall. Per order.

ATTENTION JAMESON GUARDS.

This Command will assemble at the Armory at 9 o'clock this day, in full uniform; the Staff at the Penobscot Exchange at 7½. The Band will report at the Armory at 10. DANIEL WHITE, Captain.
June24

EXCURSION!! World's Peace Jubilee.

SANFORD'S INDEPENDENT LINE STEAMERS.

Steamer CAMBRIDGE.—Steamer KATAHDIN. Capt. J. P. Johnson.—Capt. W. R. Rolx.

Will leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock A. M., touching at all the usual landings on the river and bay.

Will leave Boston for Bangor and intermediate landings, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and MONDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., touching as above.

Fare from Bangor to Boston and return, including admission to Jubilee,	$8.00
Fare from Belfast & Searsport to Boston and return, including admission to Jubilee,	5.00
Fare from Camden and Rockland to Boston and return, including admission to Jubilee,	5.00

LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.
Bangor, June 24, 1872.

Floral Hair Dressing!

Contains no oil or grease.
Is very clean, cooling and fragrant
Keeps the Hair soft and glossy.
Promotes its luxuriant growth.
Warranted to give satisfaction.

HARLOW & SWEET, 4 Smith Block.

The Best Substitute for Brandy is HARLOW & SWEET'S EXTRACT OF GINGER.

THE BEST SUMMER BEVERAGE is made from HARLOW & SWEET'S EXTRACT OF JAMAICA GINGER.

AS A STIMULANT AND TONIC use HARLOW & SWEET'S EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER made from Selected Root by an improved process. This article is by far the best in the market. To be had wholesale or retail of

HARLOW & SWEET,
June21 sn 4 Smith Block.

BE INDUSTRIOUS AND MAKE MONEY!

Send me 25 cents and I will forward to your address a Package of SEVEN SAMPLES of CURIOUS ARTICLES, and with them Wholesale Price List,—easy to sell, to old or young, with large profits.

M. SALOM Proprietor, The Grand Toy and Fancy Bazaar, 355 & 357 Washington St. Boston, Mass. ESTABLISHED 17 YEARS.
June20 sn 1md&w2w

On the Secret Causes of Self Acquired Miseries and Disappointed Hopes.

The popular and scientific Medical Work, "Human Frailty or Physiological Researches" enlarged to 145 pages, and elaborately illustrated with explanatory colored engravings on steel, explains the causes and points out the cure for the Physical Decay of the System, Dormant Vitality, Local and General Debility, Nervous Irritability, Consumption, Indigestion of the most fearful and exhausting kind, Intense Melancholy and Depression of Spirits, and partial or complete extinction of the Reproductive Powers.

An attentive perusal of "Human Frailty or Physiological Researches" will show how these dreadful complaints may be prevented and removed so as to restore the sufferer to the full and permanent enjoyment of Vigorous Health.

Sent free everywhere on receipt of 25 cents. All letters and parcels to be directed to the Author, H. A. BARROWS, Franklin House, Bangor, Me.

The Doctor to be consulted as usual, at his private office No. 1 Main Street, Bangor, from 10 in the morning till 2 P. M., and 5 till 8 in the evening.
June19 sn tf

Levee in Exeter.

The Ladies of Exeter will give a Levee in AGRICULTURAL HALL on

THURSDAY Evening, July 4th,

The entertainment to consist of Plays, Tableaux, Vocal and Instrumental music, &c. Refreshments to be sold during the evening. Per order.
Exeter, June 18th, 1872. 1w

For 30 Days

I shall make

PICTURES

at the following prices:

36 Tintypes,	50 cents.
3 Albums Size in Cards,	50 cents.
4 Cards de Visite size,	50 cents.
4 Large Pictures, sitting or standing,	50 cents.
1 Picture for 2 by 10 Frame,	50 cents.

Reduction will be making Pictures of Children. Copying done in the best possible manner.

J. PACKARD, Jr.,

NO. 2 SMITH'S BLOCK,

Opposite Whedwright & Clark's.

(Formerly Geo. Rogers.)
June8 sn 6dw

REMOVAL.

CHADWICK & HAMMATT

Have removed their Insurance Agency to Nos. 4 and 5 Exchange Block, Corner Exchange and State Streets, Office of Bangor Insurance Company.

J. S. CHADWICK, C. H. HAMMATT.
June1 sn d&w

BANGOR Insurance Co.,

BANGOR, MAINE.

Office, Nos. 4 & 5 Exchange Block,

Corner State and Exchange Streets.

Cash Capital, - - - $300,000

Are now prepared to issue Policies on all kinds of

FIRE RISKS,

—AND—

MARINE POLICIES ON VESSELS & CARGOES

On the most favorable terms.

DIRECTORS.

M. Lincoln,	Bangor.	W. P. Wingate,	Bangor.
M. S. Drummond,	"	Chas. D. Bryant,	"
Nathan Hopkins,	"	R. Webb,	"
E. R. Webber,	St. Albans	H. P. Sargent,	Brewer.
Jas. A. Swett,	Bangor.	D. L. Milliken,	Waterville
G. K. Jewett,	"	Elon Wilson,	Orono.
Chas. Woodman,	"	S. F. Humphrey,	Bangor.

David Fuller, Bangor.

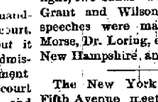
M. LINCOLN, President.
J. S. CHADWICK, Secretary.
June14 d&w tf

Miss Sadie M. Currier,

Teacher of Pianoforte,

No. 5, ELM STREET.
June19 sn tf

Dr. E. A. Morrill,



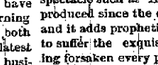
From the Pennsylvania College Dental Surgery,

DENTIST,

Office No. 3 Bowman's Block, Over Whig and Courier Office,
feb6 sn Bangor.

Dentistry.

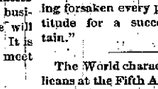
DR. G. C. GARDNER,



Having taken rooms in Union Block, Main Street, will attend to the practice of dentistry in all its branches.

Dr. G. has permission to refer to Dr. ISAAC SCRIBNER.
Bangor, Nov. 17th, 1871. sn tf

DR. J. F. BABCOCK,



Graduate Penn. College Dental Surgery,

Dental Surgeon.

Reception Parlor and Operating Rooms,

Nos. 2 and 3 Kenduskeag Block,

Same Floor as Mercantile Library.
Jan23

City of Bangor.

The Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on Accounts and Claims will be in session at the Aldermen's Room, on the first WEDNESDAY in each month, at 2 o'clock P. M. All bills against the city should be presented at that time.

CHAPIN HUMPHREY, Chairman.
apr13 sn

T. C. STICKNEY,

COAL DEALER AND BROKER.

Money to loan on Collaterals, such as Bonds, Stocks, &c.

Office, Room No 1, 2d Floor Kenduskeag Block.
april1 sn tf

B. C. ADDITON,

Attorney and Claim Agent,

Soldiers that enlisted previous to July 21, 1861, and did not receive $100 Bounty when discharged, should file their claims for same at once.

Bounties, Pensions, and all claims against the Government promptly collected.

Also, Notes, accounts, &c., promptly collected, and all legal business attended to with dispatch, at reasonable price.

Law and Pension Office,

No. 1 Main Street, Bangor.

Bangor, April 11, 1872. sn tf

FANCY FLOORS.

WASGATT & CO., Hampden,

Have added to their mill the requisite machinery for making those beautiful and substantial floors in two or more colored woods, suitable for Halls, Libraries, Dining Rooms, Kitchens, Church Aisles, Offices, &c., &c., where Oil Cloths have so signally failed to satisfy. They are in themselves

A BEAUTIFUL WOOD CARPET.

They personally superintend the laying of all floors in the city and vicinity, and will always be prepared to fill orders at the earliest moment.

These floors are within the reach of ALL, and in no way can money be expended in a dwelling house to so good advantage.

Samples will be brought to residences when desired and floors laid, with satisfaction guaranteed. Address,

WASGATT & CO.,
HAMPDEN.
June1 sn 3mw&w

WM. FRANKLIN SEAVEY,

COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

AND

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Schwartz Block, West Market Square, BANGOR, ME.
Jan1 sn 3taw.

SKIN DISEASES.

PERRY'S IMPROVED COMEDONE AND PIMPLE REMEDY—The Skin Medicine of the Age. Is warranted to cure FLESH WORMS, PIMPLES (eruptions) and BLOTCHES (inflammations of the face). Sold by all *Druggists*. Depot 49 Bond Street, New York.

For Moth Patches, Freckles, AND TAN, USE PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION. The well known reliable and harmless remedy Dr Brown Discolorations of the face. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. Perry, Dermatologist, 49 Bond Street, New York. Sold by *Druggists* everywhere. 4eod1 and M W & S 4w eow

FRASER

Cordially invites the citizens of Bangor and vicinity to examine his extraordinary and magnificent line of

Confectionery, Cakes, Pastries and Ornaments.

Do not fail to call and see his place. You will get well paid for your trouble.
mch25 sn tf Hammond St., Bangor.

SOUTHERN PINE

TIMBER AND PLANK,

Just received and for sale by

WM. McGILVERY & CO.,

At their Shipyard in Brewer.
may2 sn.

European & North American Railway Co.

EXCURSION to ST. JOHN!

The European and North American Railway Company, until further notice, will furnish to Excursion Parties of ten or more, tickets to St. John and return, at one fare for the round trip.

Trains leave Bangor, Daily, at 6.00, A. M., arriving at St. John at 6.00, P. M.

Returning, leave St. John at 8.30, A. M., arriving at Bangor at 8.30, P. M.

E. H. ANGELL, Superintendent.
Oct22 tf

NICE AND COOL FOR SUMMER.

INVESTMENTS!

[illegible]

THE SAFE

Deposit Interest Bank,

No. 9 Central St., Bangor.

F. M. BLAKE, President.
T. H. SMITH, Cashier.

Interest allowed from the date of deposit at the Bank at Government rate of

7-30 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

No deposits received for a less sum than $50.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
March 20, 1872. sn d&w

National Insurance Comp'y.

CASH CAPITAL, $200,000.

Assets Jan. 1st, 1872,

$449,659,78.

Continue to insure against Fire and Marine risks at their office,

40 West Market Square.

HIRAM RUGGLES, President.
HERBERT FULLER, Secretary.
H. SHERMAN, Marine Secretary.
Jan. 20, 1871. sn

Hair Goods Department.

JACOB STERN & CO.

56 Main Street.

This department is receiving our special attention, and is now complete. We would just mention new arrivals in

Real Hair Switches, Extra Fine Silk Switches, Linen Switches, Grey Switches in Hair, Silk and Linen, Real Hair Curls, French Twists, Pompadours, Linen and Jute Chignons, Combs, Hair Pins, Crimping Pins, Netts, etc.

apr27 sn

WHILE LOOKING

at the very fine display of

FANS, at

L. W. ATKINS',

48 Main Street,

A LADY SAID

this ought to be called

THE FAN STORE.

I told her there would be equal propriety in calling it

The HOSIERY Store,
The GLOVE Store,
The STANDARD TRIMMING Store,
The DRESS TRIMMING Store,
The COTTON TRIMMING Store,
The UNDER WEAR Store,
The CORSET Store,
The HAMBURG EMBROIDERY Store,
The BUSTLE Store,

For I have an unusually fine assortment of all these, and of ALL kinds of

Fancy Goods and Small Wares.

L. W. ATKINS,

48 Main Street.

Bangor, June 17, 1872. sn

Maine Eclectic Medical Society.

The annual meeting of the Society will be held in Bangor, Maine, at the Harriman House on Main Street, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, June 26th and 27th, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M. The Board of Counselors will be in session at 9 o'clock A. M. of the 26th. It is expected that every member of the Society will be present, and all reformed and liberal Physicians interested in the cause of progressive medicine. Diplomas will be granted to all who pass a satisfactory examination before the Board of Counselors.

A free clinic will be held on the last day of the Society, where all poor people can come and receive medical treatment free.

DR. S. YORK, President.
For order. WM. W. WATSON, M. D.,
H. H. MARBLE, M. D.,
W. M. WRIGHT, M. D.,
June11—sn&d&w Committee of Arrangements.

BROWN & SIMPSON

COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Bangor, Maine.

C. P. BROWN. A. L. SIMPSON.

Having been established in the successful practice of the law in the City of Bangor for more than twenty years, and having an extensive acquaintance in all parts of the State, and the very best facilities for transacting professional business, the subscribers have formed a Law partnership, and will give particular attention to all matters appertaining to a general law practice in any of the Courts of the State, or United States Courts.

Special attention given to the collection of claims and demands, &c.

We promise promptness, accuracy and reasonable charges, in all business entrusted to our care.

C. P. BROWN.
A. L. SIMPSON.
Bangor, June 6, 1871.

CHAS. E. GREENE,

CIVIL ENGINEER,

Office, City Hall, Bangor, Maine.
apr12 6 sn

New Goods!

PLAIN AND STRIPE

BLK HERNANIES & GRENADINES

LLAMA LACE SACKS AND POINTS,

Full assortment

Cashmere, Ottoman, Shetland,

AND OTHER

Fancy Shawls

ALL AT BOSTON RETAIL PRICES,

—AT—

Stone & Daggett's,

6 and 8 Main Street,

Bangor, Maine.
May 30, 1872. sn tf

Ask for It.

BUY IT. LIKE IT.

EXAMINE IT.

PALMER'S PATENT

Jacqueline Corset.

Dress Makers recommend it as being the Best Corset to Fit a Dress over, because it is cut in such a manner that the front and back seams fit like seams to a dress.

It is superior to any other Corset now in use, because its peculiar style of cutting gives sufficient fullness at the bosom, without folding at the top; gradually and closely fitting to, and over the hips; is longer front and back than ordinary corsets; and in fact,

Is the Only CORSET Cut in This Form.

STONE & DAGGETT,

Sole Agents for Bangor, Maine.
may30 sn tf

IXL & UXL Fireworks!

Masks, Flags, Balloons, Crackers, Torpedoes, &c.

We have now the largest stock in the United States. DISPLAYS, to any amount, furnished at short notice.

CUTTER, HYDE & CO.

Fancy Goods, 52 Chauncy Street, BOSTON.
Fireworks, 22 " "

Sole manufacturers of Marshall's Patent Illuminating candlesticks. Send for Price List.
June3 sn 1m.

P. C. WHITE,

COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to COLLECTING and CRIMINAL LAW.

Office, No. 7 Bass' Block, No. 4 Main Street
apr8 BANGOR, MAINE. sn tf

CHARLES HAMLIN,

Counselor and Attorney at Law,

No. 9, Wheelwright & Clark's Block.

Office hours from 2 to 6 P. M.

Bankrupt Court Room open from 9 A. M. to 12 M.
mch30 sn tf

FARE $5.00 LESS

Than by any other Route All Rail, via the

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Express Trains making close connections for Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Chicago, St. Paul, California, and all points

WEST AND SOUTH.

Excursion Rates, Commencing May 1st

Portland to Chicago or Milwaukee and Return, via Sarnia Line,	$34 00
Portland to Chicago, and return, (all rail),	36 00
Portland to Detroit, and return,	22 00
Portland to Niagara Falls, and return.	20 00
Portland to Ottawa, and return,	18 00
Portland to Montreal, and return,	15 00
Portland to Quebec, and return,	16 00
Portland to Montreal, Quebec, and return,	17 00
Portland to Gorham, and return,	5 00

Bangor to Niagara Falls, and return, via Boston, New York, (Norwich and Fall River Line), returning via Toronto, Montreal, and White Mountains, 37 00

Connecting at Sarnia with Sarnia Line of Steamers for Chicago, Milwaukee, and points in Wisconsin and Minnesota. Two days quicker than by any other water line. Meals and state-rooms included with first-class tickets.

Portland to Chicago, via Sarnia Line, $19 00

Baggage checked from Bangor to Chicago.

Pullman cars on all express trains.

WM. FLOWERS,
Eastern Agent G. T. Railway Company,
22 West Market Square, Bangor.
May 4th, 1872. sn

Inside Line.

Bangor, Portland, Boston, Salem, Lynn and Lowell,

Steamboat and Railroad.

1872. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1872.

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK.

The favorite Steamer, City of Richmond, Capt. KILBY, leaves Bangor Steamboat Wharf of Bangor, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY morning, at 6 o'clock, for Portland, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay, arriving in Portland at 5 o'clock same afternoon, connecting with the 6 o'clock P. M. Steamboat Express Train for Boston, which runs over both the Eastern and Boston, and Maine Railroads, arriving in Boston at 9.50 P. M.

RETURNING—Will leave Railroad Wharf, Portland, same evenings, at 10 o'clock, or on arrival of Express Train from Boston.

F. P. KENDRICK, Agent, Bangor.
CYRUS STURDIVANT, Gen'l Ag't, Portland.
Bangor, may 10, 1872.

Sanford's Independent Line.

For Boston and Lowell.

Fares and Freights Reduced.

1872. Arrangements for Season of 1872.

Two Steamers on the Route. Four Trips per Week.

Fare Only $3.

Steamer CAMBRIDGE.—Steamer KATAHDIN. Capt. J. P. Johnson.—Capt. W. R. Rolx.

Will leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & SATURDAY, at 11 o'clk A. M., touching at all the usual landings on the river and bay.

Will leave Boston for Bangor and intermediate landings, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and MONDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., touching as above.

Fares from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport to Boston, $3 00; to Lowell, $4 15.

N. B. No extra hazardous freight taken.

All freight must be accompanied by Bill of Lading in duplicate.

LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.
May 16, 1872. may7 d&w

MARRIED.

In this city, June 20th, by Rev. Mr. Gardner Mr. James C. Stolder to Miss Frances L. Taylor.

In West Brooksville, June 13th, by Rev. H. H. Hutchinson, Capt. Charles Davis and Miss Hattie A. Douglass, all of West Brooksville.

In this city, June 22d, by Rev. S. F. Fay, Mr. Leonard L. Leighton and Miss Caddie R. Cottrell, both of Bangor.

In this city, June 23d, by Rev. S. F. Fay, Mr. Edville E. Clement and Miss Emma R. Cunningham, both of Bangor.

Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags, and Twine, at

CHAS. HIGHT'S.
June2b

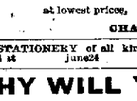
Blank Books & Office Stationery

at lowest price,

CHAS. HIGHT.
june21

FINE STATIONERY of all kinds always on hand at HIGHT'S.
June24

WHY WILL YOU



Ruin Your Eyesight

By Using Common Glasses,

when you can purchase a superior article of W. F. WEEKS. They are recommended by the Faculty, for purity of Material, brilliancy of finish, and their strengthening and preserving power excels all others. They can only be obtained in Bangor at HURD'S BOOK STORE. We have a large stock of lens s, and special attention will be given to all kinds of repairing by two first class Opticians. In all cases money refunded if not satisfactory.

3 Smith's Block.
June24 3md&w25

Black Guipure Edges!

Cheaper Than Ever,

JUST RECEIVED,

—AT—

I. W. COOMBS.
June24

MADAM FOY'S

Corset Skirt Supporter!

This Supporter combines in one Garment,

A Perfect Fitting Corset,

and the most desirable

SKIRT SUPPORTER

Ever offered to the Public.

For sale, at WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, by

I. W. COOMBS.
Bangor, June 24, 1872.

GEORGE D. JOST,

CHICAGO PAINTER

[illegible]

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Bangor Post Office, June 22, 1872. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say 'Advertised,' and give the date of the list.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST

A: Apt, Henry. B: Bearse, C A; Beaumont, Harry; Brickett, John; Burr, John; Barbour, James M; Bunker, N J; Boynton, Walter G. C: Cohen, B; Curran, Chas; Closson, Jacob A 2; Campbell, John C; Clarry, James; Crockett, Luther; Canton, Joseph; care Margett Chishing. D: Dudley, Alonzo; Dodge, E F; Daily, John; Daw, D B 2; Dawes, Willie; Downes, William S. E: Easig, George; Eaton, Capt James W; Ellis, Oscar S; Ellis, S G. F: French, Eben S; Files, Fred O. G: Guptil, Benj; Garveson, John; Glassettem, Joe; Gilman, John L; Gross, Reuben; Gardiner, Rev. Frederick. H: Harriman, E R; Hall, Elijah E; Hendry, Jos. I: Ingalls, H B. J: Johnson, Geo; care Capt Fryer; Joss, Geo; Johnson, H H. K: Kelehan, Timothy; care mrs Wm McGuire. L: Lagow, B; Loar, Chas; Loftus, Edward; Leavitt, H W; Learned, L M; Lowie, N C "M D"; Luther, Albert O. M: Maxfield & Son, Moulton, Geo & Son, Mallonn, H H; Millinoco, Jas C; McGraw, John; Maher, James A; Mason, John; Millett, L W; Mathews, Capt Moses D; McLellan, Neil; McPhee, Read Pius 2; Miller, R B. O: O'Hare, John. P: Pillsbury, Morrill; Peaks, Wm M; Pepe, Capt Dominicus 3; Peavy, Ira; care Chas Peavy; Perseers, H G; Pattore, Wm. Q: Quimby, F & Co. R: Robinson, Mr —; Rounds, Edward; Robbinson, H B; Roggers, Rufi. S: Small, Fred 2; Shedd, Geo F; Simpson, George; Stout, J A; Sargent, S D; Sargent, Wm H. T: Tuling, Wm H; Turner, Fred; Terrell, Capt G E; Todd, J F. W: Webber, E W; Ward, B F. Y:

LADIES' LIST.

B: Burnham, mrs Elbridge; Blake, mrs Abbie; Blake, mrs Alnetra; Bassell, mrs Maria; Blake, miss Sarah A; Barr, miss Elma; care Carrie Walden; Bussey, miss Carrie; Bean, miss Annie. C: Coveny, mrs —; Coney, Katie; Crowell, mrs Ruth A. D: Davis, mrs Emeline; Durgin, mrs H C; Dinsmore, miss Bell; Dresser, miss Flora E; Daws, miss Lizzie M 2; Dunroe, miss Mary; Donahue, miss Nellie F; Dutton, miss Mary E. F: Full, mrs Phebe D; Fuller, miss Clarra H. G: Garland, mrs Daniel E; Gedder, mrs S H; Gooding, mrs F A; Green, Charlotte. H: Hill, mrs Dyonisia; Latham, mrs R H; Lutz, mrs Ellen. M: Marshall, Fannie; Mason, mrs Harriet; Mitchell, miss Jennie; McCann, miss Mary A; Murphy, miss Katie; care Edward Gallagher

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Eastern Daily Times & Courier.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM PORTLAND.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR EXCURSION

PORTLAND, June 22.

Portland Commandery of Knights Templar left in the midday train on the Grand Trunk Railway for an excursion to Montreal and Quebec.

PROBABLY FATAL ACCIDENT.

William Berry of Portland jumped off the train near North Conway to-day, fell down in the ditch 30 feet and was injured internally, perhaps fatally.

LAUNCHED.

BATH, Me., June 22.

Launched to-day by D. C. Blaisdell a superior three-masted schooner of 600 tons, named Uriah Fisk. She is owned by C. B. Fisk and others of West Dennis, Mass., the builder and Capt. Crowell who will command her.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FROM NEW YORK.

FIRE, EXPLOSION AND LOSS OF LIFE.

NEW YORK, June 22. About 7 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in a drug store on Liberty street, near Nassau. The firemen were quickly on the ground, and while attempting to extinguish the flames an explosion occured which injured, it is reported, twenty or twenty-five firemen, some seriously. Ambulances were present and the wounded men taken to drug stores in the vicinity and their wounds dressed.

Later.—The explosion resulted from carbonic acid. The fire is now extinguished. The loss is estimated at $30,000, or $40,000. The drug store was occupied by C. A. Erkins. Some of the wounded men will lose their eye-sight. It is believed that all will recover.

The injured firemen have all been removed to the Park Hospital. The explosion occured among carboys of vitriol which were being hurriedly removed by the firemen. The effect was terrible. The contents of the store were scattered in every direction. It is now reported that John Hanes, Edward Bisk, Francis Murray and Thomas Flynn were killed. John Battersly is so badly wounded that he is expected to die. Others of the wounded cannot, it is believed, survive.

The first floor of the building is a complete wreck but the rest is not much injured. The flames were extinguished soon after the explosion. Several girls were passing up stairs at the time of the explosion, but escaped in jury. The store of Schnellhe & Morgan, adjoining, was completely burned out. Many and exciting rumors prevail and a crowd of people are visiting the scene of the disaster.

GRANT AND WILSON RATIFICATION MEETING.

Among the speakers at the Grant and Wilson meeting in Brooklyn last evening were Senator Nye, E. Delafield Smith and others.

THE STRIKERS.

The match manufacturers held a meeting last night and decided to make no compromise and offer no advance in the wages.

It is reported that thirteen shops in Jersey City have resumed work on the eight-hour system.

The strike in the West Albany Railroad shops has ended. Nearly all the workmen have returned to work and the rest will resume on Monday.

BANK STATEMENT.

Following is the weekly bank statement: Increase in loans $4,042,500; decrease in specie $357,700; decrease in deposits $11,300; decrease in Legal Tenders, $1,495,100; increase in circulation $8,800.

THE STOKES CASE.

Peter R. Hopkins was accepted this afternoon as the eighth juror in the Stokes case.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

DAMAGE FROM A THUNDER STORM—ACCIDENT.

LANCASTER, N. H., June 22. During a severe thunder storm in the evening several large trees in the village were blown down. One fell upon the house of W. A. Barnett, breaking in the roof and greatly endangering the inmates. A cow belonging to Hosea Gray was killed by lightning. Mrs. Darling, while standing at her door, received a shock which nearly paralyzed her for a time.

George V. Cotton, a joiner, fell from the roof of a barn twenty-five feet, breaking several ribs and inflicting internal injuries, which it is thought will prove fatal.

ACCIDENT AT EXETER.

EXETER, N. H., June 22. Mr. Daniel Hodgdon was struck by a falling derrick last evening and injured so that he died during the night. He was a stone mason, a resident of Stratham, forty years old, and leaves a wife and four small children.

MASSACHUSETTS.

DEATH OF A LOWELL MAN.

LOWELL, June 22. Stephen Wallace a well-known building mason and contractor, died last evening, at 57 years of age.

ACCIDENT.

BOSTON, June 22. Judge Gray of the Supreme Judicial Court broke an arm this morning by a fall while getting out of his carriage.

TREMENS.

Janet Mynchan, an Irishman living in the Highland district ran crazy last night and fired a pistol in the street, severely wounding Miss Nellie Reardon, a neighbor's daughter. Mynchan was arrested.

MISSOURI

THE LEGISLATURE.

ST. LOUIS, June 22. The Senate to-day passed a bill dividing the State into thirteen Congressional Districts. A large number of the members of the House were present at the time, and the passage of the bill created considerable sensation among them. Subsequently, when the House met and the Senate bill was announced it was received with hisses and applause. The bill was read a first and second time, after which last reading an excciting debate ensued.

OHIO.

THE NOMINATION OF GROESBECK.

CINCINNATI, June 22. The nomination of Groesbeck has not produced much sensation. Nothing thus far obtained indicates what course he will pursue with reference to the matter. An impression seems to prevail that if there were any good prospects for him at Baltimore he would give countenance to the movement, but that he would not permit himself to be used in opposition to the Baltimore nomination.

ILLINOIS.

FIRE AND FATAL ACCIDENT.

NEW YORK, June 22. A Chicago special states that a fire occurred this morning in a liquor warehouse, and a barrel of whiskey exploded, killing two firemen and injuring another terribly. Loss by the fire, $30,000.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 22. At a fire in a restaurant on South Water Street the gas meter exploded, and two men were burned to death and three others badly injured. The building was totally destroyed. The second floor was occupied as a cigar factory. Loss $20,000.

MARYLAND.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

BALTIMORE, June 22. In the Superior Court, Judge Dobbin presiding, in the case of Stephen M. Fogle against John T. Stanbury, the jury rendered a verdict yesterday for $2,400 damages for malicious prosecution. Stansbury caused Fogle's arrest for obtaining goods from him under false pretences. Fogle, after remaining in jail six days, was released, Stansbury failing to prosecute the charge.

PENNSYLVANIA.

MURDER AT PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG, June 22. A man named Kirkwood was murdered last night by David Flandler, because he refused to marry Flandler's sister. The murderer has not been arrested.

FIRE.

PHILADELPHIA, June 22. The coal oil works of Stewart & Hunt, in Johnson Street, were burned this morning. Loss, $15,000.

Republicans in Faneuil Hall!

Great Meeting in Boston!

OPENING THE CAMPAIGN FOR GRANT AND WILSON!

IN FANEUIL HALL.

BOSTON, Mass., June 22. The first ratification meeting under the auspices of the Grant Central Campaign Club took place in Faneuil Hall this evening. Hon. A. H. Rice presided and Governors Geary of Pennsylvania and Governor Harvey of Kansas, Judge Hoar, Gen. Butler and Gen. Woodford of New York, occupied seats on the rostrum.

MR. RICE IN OPENING

the meeting paid high compliments to President Grant and Senator Wilson, the candidates of the Republican party and claimed that had not President Grant been nominated at Philadelphia, another party would have nominated and elected him. The more his record had been investigated, the more brilliantly it shone, and his companion on the ticket was a worthy example of American statesmanship, stating in the world without the aid of wealth or ordinary advantages of culture.

JUDGE HOAR'S ADDRESS.

Judge Hoar was first introduced and lauded the candidates for their well-earned distinction in the lines of war and politics. In his allusion to Senator Sumner, the audience were disposed to hiss, but were checked by the speaker before his sentence was complete. His expression was only of regret at the course his friend had taken and the hope that he would soon realize the false position he had taken, for his speech of invection had made as dead on this public ear as the leader of a Democratic newspaper. The people of Massachusetts knew Grant and all the attacks upon him would be repelled in their minds as they read them. He gave his testimony that while in the Cabinet no personal consideration ever weighed in the expressed sentiments of the President when the public good was at stake; his suggestions were directly to the point on all occasions and when the speaker read Sumner's speech he could not help thinking that he was talking about some other person. On the question of civil rights and the public credit President Grant had been

TRUE TO HIS COUNTRY'S HONOR.

His conciliatory policy towards the Indian tribes, his wise selections of incumbents of important governmental positions in spite of opposing influences, were set forth in eloquent terms and Mr. Hoar asserted that the greatest obstruction Gen. Grant had met with in his administration was his inheritance from the Johnson dynasty.

Mr. Greeley was the first instance in Mr. Hoar's recollection of a candidate in search of a party.

GEN. WOODFORD

of New York, in a stirring speech predicted that when Greeley was whipped there would be no more Democracy. He defended Grant's appointment and instanced his course in the Louisiana election when Judge Dent, his brother-in-law, was candidate, as proof that relationships did not stand between him and his party or publicity. His aid to Congress in reducing taxation and the national debt and his general course in an office he did not seek was his best recommendation for a second term.

KANSAS AND PENNSYLVANIA.

Governor Harvey spoke of party resolutions and predicted that Kansas would be carried by 20,000 majority for the Republican ticket. Governor Geary spoke the greetings of the Republicans of Pennsylvania to their brothers in Massachusetts and joined hands with them in completing the great mission of the party, pledging Pennsylvania for 50,000 majority.

GEN. BUTLER'S REMARKS.

In response to loud and prolonged calls, Gen. Butler stepped forward and was cheered as the next Governor. He disclaimed any other business for the evening than the election of President and Vice-President as a continuation of the campaign begun on the 9th day of April, 1861.

The old Democratic party that stood by the laboring men was done—gone—dead. After a short review of its decline the General proceeded to discuss the only obstruction in the way of the Greeley party which depended on the Baltimore combination, the unwilling support of Northern Democrats and the men who had been given the ballot box they had lost by the cartridge box; but Greeley would never be nominated at Baltimore. The Angel Gabriel could not be elected on such a ticket. The Republican party in spite of talk was united and its ranks were unbroken. Supported by the rebel element Greeley would stand no chance in the Southern States, for the honest Democrats there had had enough of such leadership and are not prepared to support a Republican such as Cincinnati presented. He (Butler) had a particular affection for the men who represented Massachusetts at Cincinnati, for they were opposed to him last fall. He (Butler) was going to split the party then. Those gentlemen had now become too virtuous to stay in it. Sumner's speech was disgusting to the people of the country that they insisted on nominating his colleague for Vice President as a rebuke to him. If the Republican party could not beat a party that had experienced "two bolts or a bolt in the second degree," it deserved to die, for, in his belief, the victory was easy to be gained.

He explained why he didn't go to Philadelphia by saying that the controversy about the enforcement act compelled his remaining in Washington to secure a fair election for whoever was nominated. The civil service question, in General Butler's opinion, was a humbug. It meant that men who were at school while their brothers were fighting, were to pass examination in mathematics for a permanent position, while the President was to serve but one term. He believed in turning the offices inside out every four years. Did you river know, he asked, a new bank cashier to be a defaulter? No, they are the old ones, who have gained the confidence of their companions, who steal. The offices would be better conducted by frequent change. The General claimed to be an old-fashioned Democrat, and was by no means in favor of an aristocracy of office-holders. He called upon the laboring men to answer if they ever got their rights from any other than Grant's administration. A party that had worked itself up honestly from a small beginning, in favor of equal rights to laborers as well as their fellows, was not to be killed by a combination of the weak elements of a defunct party, with a few disgruntled Republicans. He knew of old muskets and unlicorns that would be taken down and go on again in defence of the party of equality and progress, and the country would rise in he rights under the continued rule of the party which its work was done.

He closed by calling for three cheers for the Republican party which were lustily given.

HON. HENRY WILSON

was brought into the hall at a late hour by a committee specially delegated to seek and invite him. Three cheers were given for the candidate for the Vice Presidency, and he happily responded, urging Republicans to stand true to their grand old standard. The proposed Baltimore coalition, he said, meant going to the Democrats and nothing else. Therefore it was the old Democratic party that was the antagonist after all.

The meeting, which was quite enthusiastic, dissolved at half-past eleven.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22. This city was shaken last evening by a tremendous explosion of 1500 pounds of nitro-glycerine in the California powder works, near Laguna Honda, four miles distant from the City Hall. Six buildings were wrecked. A hole 12 feet deep and 125 feet in circumference was made in the ground by the explosion. No persons were injured.

THE WEATHER

is intensely hot.

THE APACHE INDIANS

attacked Hughes' Ranche at Camp Crittenden, Arizona, on the 7th inst. and killed the herdsman and stampeded the cattle.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Gen. Howard is expected here to-night or to-morrow, on his return from a peace mission to Arizona with the several Indian chiefs.

THE TRADE-MARKS CONVENTION

between the United States and Austria and the Hungarian Empire has been proclaimed by the President and will take effect from the 22d of July, to continue in force ten years.

LOUISIANA.

POLITICAL.

EATON ROUGE, June 21. Both Republican Conventions in session here have appointed a Committee of Conference. The Pinchback men have taken the Pinchback man to endorse Grant and Wilson and repudiate Greeley and Brown.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

SENTENCE COMMUTED.

London, June 22. The sentence of death of Marguerite Dixblanc, convicted of murdering her mistress, has been commuted to penal servitude for life.

INTERNATIONAL FREE-TRADE CONGRESS.

The Cobden Club have called an International Free Trade Congress to meet here next year. Representatives from various Powers throughout the world are invited to attend.

WEST INDIES.

CONTRABAND GOODS.

HAVANA, June 21. Coasting vessels saw a steamer lately supposed to be the "Fannie," discharging cargo off Nueaitas, into two vessels and several small boats. The schooners afterwards headed towards Roman Keys and and many people on board. The steamer headed towards the East. Troops are continually moving on the roads leading from Roman Keys into the interior to intercept the cargo if possible.

SPAIN.

POLICY TOWARDS CUBA.

Madrid, June 22. General Cordova, Minister of War, has telegraphed to the Governor General of Cuba that the government is in policy towards that island is to maintain it integrally its territory, and secure triumph. The government desires to conclude the war as speedily possible, and to definitively restore peace throughout the entire island.

AN ARMISTICE NOT PROPOSED.

Geneva, June 22 (6 P. M.) It is positively asserted that the representatives of the Alabama Tribunal will be taken for the resumption of the sittings of the Court will be open to the public.

London, June 22. A special from Geneva to the London Standard says the counsel for the American Government before the Tribunal have gone to Paris to return, after their families to Geneva. Other agents are connected with the Board are at Chateaudun.—Everything in connection with the arbitration betokens a long stay of English and American representatives at Geneva.

THE CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE AMERICAN AND ENGLISH GOV'TS RELATIVE TO THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

New York, June 23. This correspondence is telegraphed to-night from Washington. It covers a great amount of matter previously published, commencing with voluminous letters and telegrams from Schenck to Fish in February and continuing to the present time. After an innumerable number of telegrams between Schenck and Fish, covering a long and frequent correspondence between Schenck and Granville. Secretary Fish on June 2d telegraphed Schenck that "although by a liberal construction of the Senate articles, cases of bad faith or wilful misconduct may be held within its scope it is inconceivable that such cases can ever be the subject of diplomatic correspondence with a view to pecuniary compensation between two powers such as those now concerned."

Mr. Fish confidentially telegraphed to Mr. Schenck the same day that if the arguments of both sides were but in Geneva on the 15th and England moves to adjourn, our government will concur.

On the 3d of June Mr. Schenck telegraphed that Granville desired an adjournment of the arbitrators without having the arguments presented on the 15th, but Mr. Fish immediately telegraphed back that this government seated from such a movement, and referred to the treaty requirement that such arguments must be presented on the 15th of June. If adjournment is contemplated by Great Britain with the idea of future negotiations, it should be understood that this Government cannot negotiate on a proposition involving the idea that it may be guilty of international ill-faith or wilful violation of its international duties, or that it regards such acts on the part of another power.

THE SUBJECT OF COMPENSATION BY THE PAYMENT OF DAMAGES IN MONEY.

Mr. Schenck on the 5th inst. telegraphed that Parliament was suspicious of the wording of the treaty and suggested certain alterations and additions. The several propositions, but Mr. Fish telegraphed that our Government did not deal with opposition members of Parliament, but only with the British Government and could not agree to any alterations. He says: "If the British Government adopts unworthy suspicions as reasons for modifying the proposed Senate article, or suggests that our Government will not in good faith act upon the agreement contained therein, all further negotiations must cease at once." He then tells Mr. Schenck that this Government regards the new rule contained in the proposed article as the consideration and will accept it as a final settlement of the three classes of indirect claims set forth in our case, to which England had objected. He says further that any change, however immaterial, would involve a discussion in the Senate, but as framed by the Senate could be carried in a few minutes, if agreed to by England. He said that our Government had made large concessions for the sake of maintaining important principles in the treaty, and it can make no more.

Mr. Schenck telegraphed on June 6th that the British Government did not share the suspicions of Parliament and others. Earl Granville sent the notes to Mr. Schenck on the 6th, proposing further alterations and modifications of the Senate article, to which Mr. Schenck responded by quoting the telegram of Secretary Fish of the day previous.

On the 8th of June Earl Granville announced that an adjournment of the meeting of the arbitrators from the 15th was absolutely necessary and proposed a joint application for adjournment for 8 months be made. If this was concurred in then the British government would deliver to the arbitrators on the 15th the substance of their argument, accompanied by a declaration which would be closed to Mr. Schenck for information to the United States.

The declaration states that the argument is only delivered conditionally on adjournment and gives notice that it is the intention of the British government to cancel the appointment of a British arbitrator and at the close of the term fixed for adjournment unless the difference which has arisen between the two governments as to the claims for indirect losses shall have been removed, but do not abandon the hope that if further time be given a solution might be found practical and consequently Great Britain would request an adjournment for such a time as will enable the supplemental convention to be concluded and ratified between the high contending parties.

Mr. Fish telegraphed Mr. Schenck June 9th, that Granville's proposition of the 8th could not be accepted by this Government. It was in the power of the arbitrators themselves to adjourn upon the motion of either party, but this Government would not join in the application for an adjournment. It would not oppose an adjournment out of courtesy to Great Britain. But this Government neither directly or indirectly would be a party to an agreement whereby Great Britain could submit her argument to the Tribunal conditionally or under any protest or reservation, the obligations of the Treaty being reciprocal. If the British Government desired to withdraw or cancel the appointment of their arbitrator, they must do so without asking the consent of this Government.

The British government, under these circumstances, would not deliver the written argument or take any other steps in the intended arbitration. If the difference could not be at the end of the time of adjournment the tribunal has full power to proceed in the same manner as expressed in the note accompanying the British counter case. On the 14th Mr. Schenck received a long note from Granville indicating that upon a recapitulation of the correspondence and telegrams the British government believed that the two governments were substantially agree upon the probable intentions of the Senate, and if there was any difference between them in principle, it was reduced to the smallest proportions. The objections entertained and expressed by England to the Senate amendments are founded upon the reasons of greatest importance, though it is possible that the Senate did not intend to use language which the British government believed, the words imply. The American government states that there are some cases not provided for in the words suggested by England. If the United States will state what are the cases in question, England doubts not but the form of words will be agreed upon which would be without the objections applicable to the wording of the Senate's article. England never put forth words as an ultimatum, and England is willing to consider at the proper time other words.

On the 14th Secretary Fish telegraphed Mr. Schenck:—It is much to be hoped that the British government will authorize filing their argument on the 15th. Let the treaty requirements be fulfilled and therefore make their motion to adjourn.

The above completes the history of the supplemental article to the Treaty of Washington, which falls by the recent decision of the Tribunal excluding the claims for indirect damages.

STEAMER LOST.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., June 22. The Gaspe, mail steamer from Pictou for St. John, was lost near St. Digby Thursday. The mails and passengers were saved.

AD INTERIM.

TORONTO, Ont., June 22. General Doyle will act as Administrator until the arrival of Lord Dufferin, who is now en route here to assume the Governor Generalship.

LORD LISGAR

sailed for England to-day.

Frightful Crash on the Grand Trunk!

A Passenger Train Telescoped!

SHOCKING SCENE OF SUFFERING AND DEATH!

The Victims Enveloped in Scalding Steam!

TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE; THE INJURED DYING HOURLY!

TWENTY-THREE DEATHS REPORTED, SIXTY-FIVE FEARFULLY SCALDED! ONLY SIX OR SEVEN OF WHOM CAN LIVE!

No New Englanders Among the Dead or Wounded.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT ON THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY—ONE MAN KILLED AND SIXTY PASSENGERS SCALDED.

BELLEVILLE, Canada, June 22. An accident occurred here this morning, on the Grand Trunk Railway, to a train going from Toronto to Montreal. The axle of the engine broke and the passenger cars were piled on each other. So far as learned sixty passengers are badly scalded. The engineer was killed and a fireman very badly injured. The sufferers were principally second class passengers.

LATER PARTICULARS OF THE DISASTER—THE CASUALTIES GREATER THAN FIRST REPORTED—FIVE KILLED AND OVER SIXTY WOUNDED.

The night express went down past this place at 12.20 this morning full of passengers, among the number many being minister of the English Church, on their way from the Synod at Toronto. About eleven miles below Belleville station

THE ENGINE JUMPED THE TRACK,

carrying death and fearful torture to scores of passengers in the forward cars. The baggage car remained on the track and telescoped the smoking car and second class passenger cars, leaving them on top of the engine

EXPOSED TO THE ESCAPING STEAM

from the boiler. Here the poor creatures were hopelessly penned in for some time, breathing the vapors of death and scalding with super-heated water.

REPORT OF AN EYE-WITNESS.

R. M. Roddy, an eye-witness, says immediately after the accident he went to the second-class car and it and the smoking car were telescoped and piled on the locomotive, the steam from which was so dense he could see nothing. One after another of the scalded were

CRAWLING FROM THE OPENINGS,

and cross bars were immediately put into requisition by the passengers from the first-class cars, all of whom escaped injury, and openings were made in the wreck. Many were found entangled and were extracted with the utmost difficulty, timbers having to be broken.

FIVE PASSENGERS WERE FOUND DEAD

and were carried to the roadside where the wounded lay nearly three hours in most fearful agony until Doctor Burdett, of Belleville, arrived and had them removed to a Pullman car.

ATTENDING THE WOUNDED.

On arrival here everything was promptly done to allay their sufferings. The medical men of the town were summoned, mattresses were procured and a large freight shed was turned into a temporary hospital where the patients were received, where every attention was paid them.

HORRIBLE SCENE OF SUFFERING AND DEATH.

The sight was one to baffle description.—The terrible cries of the sufferers rent the ears of the lookers-on, who made every possible effort to grant their request for water and food, and their contortions under the influence of their terrible injuries were fearful to witness, while the prayers and cries of premonition of approaching dissolution were here and there heard. After the injured arrived here, some of them passed away, a happy relief from their dreadful agonies.

MORE DETAILS—THE CRASH.

Those who were least injured walked about swathed in bandages and converted freely about the occurrence. The express and baggage car was forced past the broken engine without injuring the express messenger or baggage man, but the smoking car telescoped the second-class car; the latter going forward,

KNOCKED OFF THE SAFETY VALVE

of the boiler, and remained on top of the engine, allowing the steam to fill the second-class car which was crowded with passengers, many of them lumbermen, *en route* for Quebec. The two first-class cars and the Pullman car are comparatively uninjured and the passengers were trans-shipped and went East this forenoon.

FRIGHTFUL LIST OF DEAD AND DYING.

Sixty-five men and women were fearfully scalded and otherwise injured, six of whom died on the spot, and the bodies were brought to this place. Four more have died and others are dying every hour. Not more than one-third of the injured will live. John Hebbart, the engineer, was instantly killed, and the fireman badly injured. H. Neilson, conductor, and other train hands, escaped uninjured.

DISFIGURED BEYOND RECOGNITION.

The wounded and dying are on mattresses on the freight shed floor, so disfigured as to be unrecognizable. Five of the wounded were able to walk, and left by the express train for Toronto.

LATER—THE WOUNDED STILL DYING.

Since the previous report this evening 12 more of the injured by the railroad disaster have died, making 23 first of the wounded dying. Medical men say that not more than six or seven of the sixty-five persons will live. The suffering and appearance of the wounded is frightful. The killed and wounded are all second-class passengers. The first-class all escaped uninjured. No New Englanders are among the killed or wounded.

PHILADELPHIA.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

NEW YORK, June 22.

MONEY easy at 4 per cent.

STERLING EXCHANGE 108½ a 110¾.

GOLD closed firm at 113¾.

Government securities closed at the following quotation.

U. S. Fives			000
U. S. Sixes (coupons)		1881	119½
U. S. 5-20s	do	1862	113
U. S. do	do	1864	113
U. S. do	do	1865	114
U. S. do	do	1865	105 new
U. S. do	do	1867	117
U. S. do	do	1868	117
U. S. 10-40s	do		111
Currency Sixes			114
Central Pacifics			104½
Union Pacific, 1st mortgage			83

Southern State securities closed this afternoon at the following quotations:

Tennessee 6's (new)	742
Virginia 6's (new)	60
Missouri 6's	87½
North Carolina 6's (new)	31
South Carolina 6's (new)	23

The Stock market closed this afternoon at the following quotations:

Western Union 76; Pacific Mail, 39½; Boston Water Power Company 56; N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Company, 96½; Harlem Railroad Company, 135; Reading Railroad Company, 48¾; Michigan Central Railroad Company 132; Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company, [illegible]; Illinois Central Railroad Company, [illegible]; Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad Company, [illegible]; Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company, [illegible]; Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company, [illegible]; Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, [illegible]; Pacific Mail Steamship Company, [illegible].

PHILADELPHIA PRODUCE MARKET.

CHICAGO, June 22.

FLOUR dull and holders anxious to sell.

WHEAT is lower—No. 2 Spring, 1.22 cash.

CORN is lower, 66 cash; reduced 36 a 39.

OATS are lower—No. 2, 29; rejected sold at 27.

RYE weak—No. 2, 85.

BARLEY dull—No. 2, 49 a 50.

PORK at 12.35 cash.

LARD steady.

BANGOR MARKET.

SATURDAY June 22, 1872.

FLOUR—The Western market reports begin to note apples and common brands of flour as dull and declining, while the best extras and highest grades of flour are steady and prices firm. Fair extras are selling at $6.50 to $6.50, and the best extras, including what would be called fancy brands, all the way from $7.50 to $12.00 and 13.00 per bbl. The very best grades of flour are worth $13.50 to $14.00 per bbl.

CORN is retailed from the stores at 80 to 84 cents, per bushel.

MEAL. Corn meal 78 to 80 cents and Rye do $1.25 to $1.40 per bushel. Oat meal $9.00 per bbl.

FINE FEED. Fine middlings $31.00, coarse do $31.00 and brun $1.20 per 100 lbs.

OATS are sold from the stores at 60 to 70 cents per bushel.

SALT. Coarse salt is worth from 50 to 55 cents per bushel, and Rangor butter salt (20 lb boxes) $23 per hundred.

LIME $1.25 per cask.

PLASTER $1.25 per bbl, or $6.00 per ton.

CHEESE $2.15 to 25 per lb.

BRICKS. Merchantable bricks are worth from $10.00 to $10.50 per M, delivered as the wharves.

PORK. Boston packed No 1 $20.00 and No 2 $17.50 a $18.00 per bbl.

LARD in tierces 10 to 10¾; tubs 11 to 11¾ and tins 12 to 14 cents per pound.

FISH. Dry cod fish, are worth from $4.75 to $5.50, and $6.00 per 100 lbs.

CHEESE. The best factory cheese, Western, are worth 15 cents $ lb.

SUGAR. Granulated sugar 13¾ cents, and extra C do 12¾ cents per lb.

PRODUCE MARKET.

The following report is obtained by particular observation on the market and the quotations are the prices paid for produce from the country farms Monday, or about the average for the week past:

HAY. Loose hay is still brought into market in fair supply, showing that there is yet considerable of last season's crop on hand, which was not marketed at winter prices. The very best qualities are now selling at $29 to $32, and occasionally a load at $33 per ton, and the inferior qualities are selling at $12 to $15 per ton. Pressed hay is retailed from the storehouses at $35 to 38 and $38 per ton, according to quality.

STRAW is selling at $22 to $24 and $25 per ton.

OATS are worth on the farms 65 to 70 cents per bushel.

BARLEY is worth this week from 80 to 90 cents per bushel.

PEAS. Good clean yellow-eyed beans are worth from $3.75 to $3.87½, and the best quality of pea beans from $3.37½ to $3.00 per bushel.

POTATOES have been brought in in fair supply during the past week and we should quote the range of price on the market to-day at 25 to 30 cents per bushel, occasionally small lots have been sold to the consumer for a little above those figures.

EGGS have been sold on the market during the week at 18 to 19 cents per dozen, and just about the same figures have been used in quoting sales in Boston market for the same time.

POTATOES are decidedly dull and the buyers seem to approach this quality of fruit with a great deal of modesty—we should quote the range of price on the market to-day at 25 to 30 cents per bushel.

DRIED APPLES are worth from 11 to 12 cents per pound.

FISH. Fresh salmon are selling from the wagons at 25 cents per pound, and smoked shiners at $1.10 to $1.25 per hundred.

FRESH MEATS. Round logs are worth about 7 cents per pound, and sirloins and roasts 8 to 10 cents per pound. Mutions sell at 8 to 12 cents and Lambs from 12 to 18 cents per pound.

WOOL, &c. The best quality of washed wool is worth 68 to 65 cents per pound, and lamb skins are worth 75 cents each. Veal skins sell at 20 cents and Hides at 7½ to 9 cents per pound.

BANGOR LUMBER PRICE CURRENT.

Corrected by Isaac M. Bragg, Commission Merchant and dealer in Lumber, 13 Broad St

No. 2 Dry Pine Boards,	$55 00	6 inch Spruce Plckets	23 00
" 3 " "	45	5 " "	20 00
" 4 " "	35	No. 1 " "	15 00
" 5 " "	30	Clear " "	15 00
" 3 Green " "	49	No. 1 " "	12 00
" 4 " "	39	No. 1 Pine " "	28 00
Fine Cuing Pine Plank,	38	No. 1 Clear Pine Pickets	12 00
Great " "	41	28	18 00
Dry Pine Shippers,	11	22	16 00
Green " "	18	18	13 00
" Floor 4s,	12	No. 1 Hemlock Pickets,	8 00
" " Scouts,	7 00	Clear " "	12 00
Dry Pine, Floor 4s and Scouts,	14	Best Shaved Cedar Shingles,	6 50
Dry Narrow Pine Boards,	18	24 do.	5 50
Green " "	20	do.	5 25
Spruce Dimensions, Random sizes,	14	50	4 50
Spruce Frames, cut to order,	16	20	Best Shaved Pine Shingles, 7 50
Spruce Boards and 1¼ in. Green,	26	do.	6 00
Spruce Boards and 1¼ in. Dry,	26	4th do.	4 75
Green Hemlock Boards,	11	Extra Sawed Pine Shingles,	4 50
Dry " "	13	Clear Sawed Pine Shingles,	4 50
Hemlock Dimensions,	11	Extra Sawed Pine Shingles,	3.50
Spruce Scouts,	11	Clear Sawed Cedar Shingles,	3.50
Grn Edge Spruce Boards,	40	Best Extra Sawed Cedar Shingles,	4 50
Dry " "	40	Shingles,	4 50
Extra Heart Clapboards,	60	50	4 25
Clear " "	55	04	Best No. 1 Sawed Cedar Shingles, 3 50
No. 2 " "	50	Shingles,	3 50
Extra Sap, "	45	26	2 50
Clear " "	40	66	Ex. Spruce Shingles, 2.25
No. 1 " "	30	24	No. 1 " " 1 75
No 1 Pine " "	30	6 ft.	Cedar Posts, 0 15
Extra Spruce " "	27	6 "	0 20
Clear Spruce " "	22	6 "	0 30
No. 1 " "	18	10 "	0 30
Spruce Laths	2	12 "	0 40
Pine Laths,	$2 25		

BANGOR, June 22. Freights to Boston, $3.00; Sound Ports, $4.00; New York, $4.25; Philadelphia, $4.00@$4.25.

INSURANCE RATES.

Boston, ½ per cent. under deck; 3 do. do. on deck.

New York, ¾ per cent. under deck; 3 do. do. on deck.

Baltimore, Philadelphia and Washington, 1 per cent. under deck; 4 do. do. on deck.

West Indies, 1¾ @ 2 per cent. under deck; 7@8 do. do. on deck, as to risk.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

—The lock-up held but two last night.

—Thirty-six trains pass over the trunk lines of the Maine Central Railroad daily.

—A fine new piano has been placed in the saloon of the Steamer *Cambridge*.

—Twenty-five passengers for Boston arrived on the St. John train Saturday evening.

—The consolidated bonds of the Maine Central are upon the market.

—A session of the United States District Court will be held in this city this week commencing to-morrow.

—During the Jubilee passengers will be taken to Boston and returned on the Sanford steamers for six dollars, which also includes admittance to the coliseum.

—The people of St. John are making efforts to have the English band, now attending the Jubilee, visit that city.

—The police on Saturday seized five ten gallon kegs of whiskey on the premises of Patrick Shay, Hancock street.

—The tide was so high Saturday night that the south end of the long pier in the center of the railroad bridge draw was completely under water.

—We have received from E. F. Duren & Son a copy of "Mose Skinner's" burlesque on the Peace Jubilee, now in full blast in Boston. The book is a very amusing affair.

—We are indebted to Mr. W. H. Mills, jr., of Washington (formerly of this city,) for a bound copy of the "American case" as laid before the Geneva Tribunal of Arbitration.

—Officer Baker picked up a roll of greenbacks, $35 in amount, on Saturday, in the store of Thomas Hersey & Co. on Main st., which he left with Mr. H. for the owner.

—Rev. Dr. Punshon, whose fame as orator and author is world-wide, was at the Bangor House yesterday. He will leave for Toronto to-day.

—Governor Wilmot and his private Secretary, Mr. Adams, arrived in town Saturday evening, on their way home from the Boston Jubilee. They spent the Sabbath at the Bangor House and will leave for Fredericton this morning.

—The out-door religious meeting on the E. & N. A. station platform at the foot of Exchange street yesterday afternoon, was largely attended. The services were conducted by Rev. Messrs. Hazlewood and Smythe of this city and Rev. Mr. Barlette of Bath.

—At high water this afternoon the schooner *Maria Adelaide*, just finished at Oakes & Son's yard in Brewer, will be launched. From Capt. Sellers, Acting Surveyor, we learn that the *M. A.* is 96 feet in length, 24 feet, 10 inches in breadth, and 7 feet 3 inches in depth, and is 112.11 tons (n. m.) register. Capt. Charles Kent is to command her.

SUDDEN DEATH. A Miss Day, who started from Lewiston on Friday, in company with her mother, for her home in this city, died while being taken from the cars at Readfield. She was in feeble condition when she started from Lewiston, but her death was very sudden.

—This is Commencement week at Bates College and the exercises promise to be of unusual interest. The exercises were opened on Sunday with Prof. Cheney's Baccalaureate. Commencement Concert Tuesday evening; and the exercises of the Graduating Class on Wednesday.

—The re-union committee of Bosworth Post of Portland, has decided upon Wednesday, August 21st, as the day for the assembling of all the posts of the Grand Army in this State, at Portland. It is probable that the Department Commander will call the Legislative Committee to meet at the headquarters of the Bosworth Post on the day of the re-union.

—Mr. Edward O. Chase, of this city, has just finished a racing shell after one of the favorite models of the Tony Paper Boat Company. It is thirty feet long, ten inches wide at the cockpit, and weighs thirty-five pounds. It is built of Spanish cedar, with paper deck, and has steel out-riggers. This beautiful little craft has been named "Hirondelle," and promises to skim the water nearly as fast as its namesake flies through the air.

FIFTH MAINE REGIMENT ANNIVERSARY. The Fifth Maine Regiment Association will celebrate their anniversary in Portland on the 26th and 27th of July. The literary exercises will take place on the first day, and consist of an oration by Capt. W. E. Stevens, of the Boston Journal, a poem, music by a quartette assisted by a lady soloist, daughter of one of the officers of the regiment. On the 27th the usual excursion and clam-bake will take place.

ACCIDENT. Mr. Weston of Brewer, foreman of the carpenters in the employ of the Bangor Gas Company, was severely injured on Saturday by falling from a building at the gas works. He was precipitated a distance of fourteen feet, striking his back on a stone pier. It is a wonder how he escaped without breaking any bones or even from instant death. It is feared that he has received internal injuries of a very serious character. He was taken home as soon as possible after the injury.

—It is told of a prominent Democrat of this city who was a delegate to the State Convention here last Tuesday, that he informed his wife in the morning that he should bring home a dozen fellow-delegates to dinner that day. She at once proceeded to make elaborate preparations, when at dinner time he came home alone. On questioning him as to the whereabouts of his guests, it was ascertained that he had become so excited over tee endorsement of Greeley that he had left the gentlemen whom he had invited to dinner (forgetting all about his invitation himself) to dine at the hotels.

CONGREGATIONAL GENERAL CONFERENCE. The 46th annual meeting of the General Conference of the Congregational churches in Maine, will be held with the Congregational church in

SCHUMANN'S "MONDNACHT"

ARRANGED FOR THE BILLIARD

Sing me a song again
The will and notes that breathe of haunting pain
The will and notes that thrill my heart with
[illegible]
A [illegible] trilling now with passionate disdain,
Now falling softly as voicing sweet a lay
Sing me the song again!

Repeat the wondrous tune!
The full broad glory of the perfect moon,
The pearly glimmer of the dust ring leaves
The ghostly shadows of the night's high noon
My listening soul perceives
Repeat the wondrous tune

Sing me the song again
For through the sudden changes of the strain
Falling like dew drops from the flashing keys
I [illegible] the anguish of a soul in pain
Lost at sea not where to peace
Sing me the song again

Sing me the song forever!
So shall its passion and its pathos never
Leave the rapt ear but all the ling night
Thro' ugh the low melody come sighing over
In [illegible] infinite delight
Sing me the song forever!

—[Lippincott's Magazine

NAY BY PLEDGES THE CROSS ROADS FOR CINCINNATI

CONFEDERATE X ROADS,
(WHICH IS IN THE STATE OF KENTUCKY)
July 17 1872.

We ran ed two weeks ago to cast our lot with the liberal reform movement, being rated in the republikin party by those great good men, Horace Greeley Carl Schurz and Trumbull. The dimocrisy uv the Corners felt keenly the need uv a thorough sweepin radical reform in the administration uv the government. We feel that corruption violence, brootality and tyranny have held sway too long, and we had gladly any prospect uv relief. Here in the heart uv Kentucky a nigger is postmaster! wh le I am peekin up a precarious subsistence ez best I may depend on chance invitashens to drink for a livelihood. Pollack, an Illinoy interloper, sells goods and collects the revenoo in perfect security, while a nigger assesses onto us unconstoshinel taxes. Two hundred nigger family ties up towards Garretstown are livin on land which wuz wrestl from the aristocracy by this seekshen, mockin us by warm clothes such as we can't afford, and endangerin our institooshens with schools and meetin houses in which heresies uv the most alarmin character is taught and preached

Troo, that land was bought and paid for, but for its sale the tyrannical government is nevertheless responsible Hed it not been for the unconstitooshuel war waged onto us there never would hev been no necessity for sellin it, and there would hev been no free niggers to buy it.

I received from Tweed uv New York a circular the great liberal republikin meetin held in Cooper Institoot in that city I to wunst called together the faithful and instructed them in the new departure, and in the method of getting at it. By a matter of course the first step was to hev a meetin uv the liberal republikins, that noble army who is opposed to the corrupshens now pervading all the departments of the government ez well ez to the centralization uv power assumed at by those now in power and we determined at that meetin to not only enunciate our principles, but to nominate a county ticket — The call was circulated by Deekin Pagram and Kernel McPelter and was signed by all uv the citizens of the Corners that kin write except Pollock the Illinoy stone keeper Joe Bigler, Hullock the nigger postmaster and Watkins the nigger assessor

The meetin wuz one of the most enthousiastic I ever presided over The meetin house wuz uv course, a republikin meetin, but the fact they were confederit flags and the Seymour and Blair banners uv the last campaine didn't seem strange In addishen to these, we had hung about the walls in conspicuous places portraits wh ch had been painted for Lee, Bore,ard and Breckinridge but we simply changed the names underneth to Greeley Schurz and Trumbull, and they answered the purpose just as well

I presided uv course and the rest of the citizens present were made vice presidents and secretaries. The preliminaries bein gone thro with I reported the following declaration uv my principles

Resolved That an attempt to convert this republik into an absolute monarchy, with a hereditary emperor and titled nobility should be severely frowned down by the republikins uv Kentucky and shereby frowned down

Resolved That public offices are sacred and should be created for public convenience and not as reward for partisan service, and that therefore, the action uv the administration in removin the assessor and postmaster at X Roads who wanted the places and who had them, and appointin in their stead men who didn't want the places but who did vote for the present President uv wuz an act which cannot be too severely frowned upon

Resolved, That the triumph of Republikin principles is of paramount importance to the country and that, therefore we pledge to Messrs Greeley Schurz and Trumbull our cordel cooperashun in their laudable effort to bust Grant, and the republikan party Stipulatin uv course that in the new deal there shall be a fair divide of the plunder among all concerned

Resolved, That the prosperity uv the country demands thorough radical and complete change in all departments uv the public service—specifying perticularly the positions uv the assessor collector and postmaster at the Corners, wh ch places wuz taken from the honest Kelt Hurman uv the meetin Kernel McPelter and Assessor Coats and given to niggers and an abolishen interloper

Resolved That on the minor questions uv tariff, banks, payment uv the debt, and such, I can't best to express any particular opinion all wing each man to hold his own fr he can

We welcome cheerfully to this new movement Horace Greeley and protection uv, Wells and free trade Schurz and amnesty Trumbull and perfect nile disability by beatin Grant in whatever a sort I carry my principles that they may happen to be loaded with

At this point Bollack Bigler Lubbock Watkins and a dozen or more uv the republikins uv the Corners made their appearance and I demanded the right uv participation in the proceedings We willy b t freely admitted the rekest.

I hit this a republikin meetin?" asked Pollock

I pla I responded

Well then said Pollock "why shant I partic pate I wuz a delegate to the Pittsburg convenshun which organized the party I voted for Fremont, for Lincoln twice, and for Grant and—"

I explained to the misguided man that while it wuz a republikin meeting it wuz for the purpose uv consolidation the elements who desired to purify the public service and hev a more honest and efficient administration uv affairs, and therefore—

You put up as chairman a defaultin postmaster and among your vice presidents hev a defaultin assessor and collector," sung out Joe Bigler

The unfortunit remark cost Joseph suthin He had been sick with ague and fever for several weeks and was weak and ez the Ku Klux law hez deterred our people from being demonstrative, he hezn't been carrying his revolver for several months immediately Kernel McPelter and perhaps twenty uv our most able-bodied citizens fell onto him, and in ten minits the woodent hev known themselves.—How they got to their respective homes, I hev no means uv knowin They won't oblige themselves into a reform meetin again very soon.

This little episod over we proceeded to nominate a reform republikin ticket for county offises, puttin up uv course for the various places Deekin Pogram, Elder Pennibacker, and the others who had sen regierly service Jackson a time and been transacted all the biznis for which it was convened, the meetin adjourned

Ez it was necessary to hev a meetin uv the dimocrisy uv the Corners, to ratify the action uv the reform republikan convenshun we all uv us walked out uv the meetin house, ez republikins, turned around and walked back ez democrats. I called em to order, was elected chairman, and hed the vice presidents and secretaries re-elected ez such Then I moved the adoption of the following resolushuns

Resolved, That the dimocrisy uv the Corners, viewin with alarm the corrupshin that has existed in the government since it passed out uv the hands uv the gileless Buchanan, and seein no earthly hope of gittin it back by their own unaided efforts, hail with joy the action uv Greeley, Schurz and Trumbull in their efforts to burst Grant and pledge them our happy support.

Resolved, That the dimocrisy uv the Corners, claimin the co-operation uv the republikins, will make no nominashuns for county offices, but will support those made by the reform convenshun heartily and in good honest faith.

Resolved, That the platform uv principles laid down by the convenshun uv reform republikins, meet our ideas by the slipshun equally and the democratic convention and platform.

We hev this thing fixed now to suit us, and if the dimocrisy everywhere work with ex much wisdom, likelihood ez Sarah ez anything kin be in this world. The ackshun will hev immediate effect on the country.

PETROMEUM V. NASBY.
(wish was postmaster, and hopes to be again.)

ALL SORTS AND SIZES.

Alaska covers 330,529,000 acres.

Florida hasn't a daily newspaper

"Jubilatic earthquake" is the latest.

Spurgeon wants to run for Parliament.

H. T. Tuckerman's books are being sold

Mr and Mrs. Tom Thumb are about to retire

A Detroit woman struck by lightning shouted for the police

The Western bounty on potato bug scalps is one cent per dozen

"Basting a bovine is its totality," means roast ox in Iowa.

Seven hundred hogs were drowned in a late flim is freshet.

Norwegians celebrate the 1000th anniversary of their independence next month

An Illinois farm will pickle the product of 150 acres of cucumbers

Henrietta Hershfeldtus the principal American lady dentist established in Berlin

The King and Queen of Saxony celebrate their golden wedding in August.

Tirolitzer beef, an imported variety, is the latest Parisian luxury

Now they are digging up old Spanish coin in Atchison Kan

A Fort Madison man fainted, the other day while standing up to be married

The Indian Commissioners purchased at New York 115,000 yards of Dolly Varden prints

A six year old Wisconsin 'rough' drilled lately and fatally shot a companion with a revolver

A Cleveland, O man recently got $10,000 from the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad for the loss of an arm.

The Princess Holstein Hoer, an American woman, has sued her late husband's relatives for $2,000,000

Colored people's hair sold here" is an announcement in the shop of a New York wigmaker

The ladies of Paris Ky, are forming an anti-speak-evil-of-your neighbor society Good thing

Russia has now fifteen thousand thoroughly organized public schools, under government control.

The Cleveland Leader mentions an organ grinder of that city as an old veteran suicide inducer"

The Duke of Cambridge is colonel of the distinguished regiment whose Band is at present in Boston representing England

The Spanish premiership has, after considerable discussion between King and statesmen, been conferred on Zorilla.

Honduras is at war with Salvador and Guatemala, and a misunderstanding is threatened between Brazil and the Argentine Republic.

It is estimated that in the Mount Cenis tunnel temperature increases at the rate of one degree Fahr for every 81 feet in depth

In August, 1871, there were nearly three hundred patents extant in Great Britain for cutting coal by machinery

The average of deaths by railroad accidents in Great Britain for last year was one in one thousand seven hundred and forty

Romeo was a self-made elephant He came to this country without a dollar in his trunk, took Greeley's advice, went West and died last Friday worth $40,000.

A live fish has been discovered in one of the boiling springs of California which died as soon as transferred to cold water Under what conditions might that fish be cooked?

Voorhees, when asked if he would go to Baltimore, replied, "I would rather, of a dark night, ride the perilous edge of some Alpine precipice on a drunken mule

This kind of literature is still popular in Missouri "The agglutinated eyelids of Mr Peed of Calumet were first separated by an attentive nurse 83 years ago Since that time they have never looked upon a man that for wetness would equal that which spread itself over this village last week"

A legal squabble is going on in Philadelphia over the estate of a millionaire, who is supposed to have died intestate partly because his wife never allowed him to have a will of his own, partly because it didn't occur to him that any one with such large means was likely to come to his end so soon.

Harper's Weekly" devotes two pages to a burlesque cartoon of the Boston "Big Noise," in which all agents, ministers and instruments of discord are introduced with amazing ingenuity, and the various tribes, peoples and nationalities that hir Gilmore has brought together are most amusingly caricatured

The Danbury News presumes that 'many of the owners of lots in the cemetery have no objection to people helping themselves to the flowers on the graves or digging up hedges, but they unanimously unite in requesting visitors to remove their boots and shoes before climbing tomb stones

A large watch and clock manufacturer of Neufchatel has set the example of participation of profits with his workman A regular account is opened with each man, and his book is made up annually four per cent. being added by the employer to the amount due to be paid as interest on the capital for one year

The Japanese Minister of Finance visited the controller's office in New York, on Wednesday, for the purpose of examining the system of keeping the city accounts The visitor was not shown the books kept under Connolly, as it he had been it might have resulted ultimately in the bankruptcy of the Mikado's government.

The Elijahites are a new sect who have founded a colony in Georgia, where they have all things in common That is to say, Mr Cundy their leader, holds the fifth of all the real estate and keeps the bank account for the benefits of the entire community We should say that the "Elijah test" would do well to keep a sharp eye on their leader

1st MORTGAGE BONDS.

Issue Only $16,500 per Mile.

THE ROAD NOW RAPIDLY NEAR, NEARLY DOUBLE ITS ENTIRE STOCKEST OBLIGATIONS.

THE LEADING POINTS IN RELATION TO THESE BONDS ARE AS FOLLOWS

The Stockholders have built a first class road and equipped it in a first class manner, *mainly with their own money*

They have built their road through one of the richest portions of the State, where all the old roads into Chicago are carrying over $10,000 per mile per annum and are paying large and regular dividends.

They have built the shortest road to the celebrated Black Coal Mines, whose products have large and increasing market in Chicago, in the manufacture of iron, as well as for domestic uses.

The road is already earning a large an excess of its interest liability that its Bonds are safe beyond contingency

The amount of the mortgage is very moderate being only about $18,500 per mile

While Railroad Bonds may be plenty, it can upon profitable lines, and for so small an amount, are seldom in the market.

Over $1,200,000 of these Bonds have been sold in a few weeks to Trust Companies, Savings Banks trustees of estates and the most careful private investors, and but a small amount remains for which early application should be made

That as only a small amount remains unsold parties who want them should make immediate application

The Bonds are for $1,000 each, have forty years to run, and bear interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, payable on the first of April and October both principal and interest being payable in gold in New York.

Price 90 and Accrued Interest

We do not hesitate to recommend these Bonds as unusually safe They are attended with none of the uncertainties of projected enterprises, and the prompt payment of the interest and the final payment of the principal, are as certain as any future financial event can well be

Full particulars furnished on application in person or by mail to

Messrs. Bowker & Merrill,
Bankers & Brokers,
Bangor, Me.
OR
W. B. SHATTUCK & CO,
Bankers,
General Agents, 22 Nassau St., New York.
may23 d&w3m21

MUSIC.

A good assortment of SHEET MUSIC may be found at S. F. COBB'S,
feb2 tf No 5, Goth's Block Main Street

28 Main St. 28

Is the place to get you

Watches, Clocks,

AND

JEWELRY,

Cheaper than at any other place in the City of Bangor.

Please Call and See.

B. F. S. PATTEN.
Bangor, April 29, 1871

JUST ARRIVED

AND

FOR SALE

Six Splendid Driving Horses.
One Fine Sable Horse for sale, for to let until sold at the Harriman House Stable

J. E. HARRIMAN & CO.,
may11 tf

CARRIAGES

We have now on hand the largest assortment of CARRIAGES that can be found out of Boston and shall continue to receive from the best manufacturers a large assortment of

Top & Ivers Buggies,
Phaetons, Rockaways, Carryalls, Beach and Concord Wagons,
together with a large assortment of
Express and Business Wagons,

both new and second hand Those for sale cheap, and can be seen at the

BANGOR CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
SMITH & HALLETT,
Central St., Bangor
apr2 tf

BANKRUPT NOTICE

The Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and Bangor Weekly Courier, have been designated as the official newspapers in Bangor for the publication of notices of proceedings in Bankruptcy

By the amendment of July 14th 1870, of the Bankrupt Act the payment of a dividend is not required to entitle petitioners in Bankruptcy to a discharge from debts contracted before January 1st 1868

CHARLES HAMLIN
may24 Register in Bankruptcy

LADIES,

Have you seen those

REVERSIBLE TOP CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,

AT

WHITE & LEONARD'S,

No 2, Kenduskeag Bridge

Also a large variety of Common Carriages, Croquet, &c., &c
June5

NOYES AMES.

DEALER IN

Pure Drugs & Chemicals.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Fancy Goods, and Toilet Articles,

41 BROAD, corner WATER STREET,
BANGOR

A skilful Prescription Clerk always in attendance
may13 tf

TO THE LUMBERMEN.

We have on hand large assortment of French and American Calf and Kip

DR VING BOOTS,

Custom Made Call and see them

HILLS & BAKER,
april2 West End Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor

Shell and Jet

JEWELRY,

Just received and for sale cheap, at

E. F. S. PATTEN'S,

28 Main Street.

Call and take a Look.
nov8 tf

TO BUILDERS,

AND

Those Proposing to Build.

THE BANGOR & PISCATAQUIS SLATE COMPANY, are prepared to furnish Slate of the best quality for Roofing, Mantles, Sinks, Tables, Blackboards, Roofing Slate, Ridge Slate, Flagging, Sidewalks, Door Sills, Door Steps, Door Posts, Door Jambs, Door Lintels, Door Caps, Door Panels, Door Stops, Door Knobs, Door Plates, Door Hinges, Door Locks, Door Bolts, Door Handles, Door Mats, Door Scrapers, Door Bells, Door Knockers, Door Chains, Door Springs, Door Hooks, Door Latches, Door Frames, Door Casings, Door Sashes